The Bombay Gazette.

No. 10,005—New Series

BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

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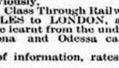
SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited).

Will despatch Steamers as follows :—



FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHANDA, 2,021 Tons, on THURSDAY, 16th Dec., 1880, at 3 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Coompta, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimli, patam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. COCONADA 862 Tons, on TUESDAY, 14th December, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH, MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on SATURDAY, 18th December, 1880, at 10 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,495 Tons, on THURSDAY, 16th December, 1880.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 10th Dec., 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave
GENOA and BOMBAY
on the 24th, on the 1st
of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 250	Rs. 150	Rs. 70	
Suez	„ 360	„ 220	„ 80	
Port Said	„ 380	„ 240	„ 90	
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	Including Wines.
Naples	„ 500	„ 340	„ 145	
Leghorn	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Genoa	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Marseilles	„ 520	„ 350	„ 145	Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge ; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

SINGAPORE, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st January, 1881.
MANILLA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st February, 1881.
SUMATRA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st March, 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

Bombay, 1st December, 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL
(VIA MALTA).

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

	Captain	Tons.	H. P.	
Trentham Hall	Jas Shaw	2,100	300	about 16th Dec.
Wystow Hall	T. Collin	2,700	400	31st „
Rydal Hall	O. Lloyd	2,700	400	15th Jan.
Speke Hall	Brand	1,731	„	29th „

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co., } Agents.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., }

Bombay, Nov. 23, 1880.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Commanders Tons. H.P. Nom!.

s.s. INDIA ..... Geo. H. Read . 2289 500 22nd Dec. 1880.
s.s. BRITANNIA .. R. Hutchinson 3060 400 6th Feb. 1881.
s.s. HISPANIA .... James Laird . 3390 400 5th March „

BOMBAY TO GENOA OR MARSEILLES DIRECT.

Commanders Tons. H.P. Nom!.

s.s. ASSYRIA .... J. Campbell .. 1623 424 5th Jan. 1881.
s.s. OLYMPIA .... John Lang .... 2050 424 19th Jan. „
s.s. GALATEA .... S. Puddicombe 2044 360 16th Feb. „

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 14th December, 1880.

PROVISION FOR OLD AGE COMBINED WITH A PROVISION FOR THE WIDOW AND ORPHAN.

EXAMPLE.

A CIVILIAN, European or Native, aged 20 next birthday, wishes to lay apart a sum of about THIRTEEN RUPEES a month in such a way that his savings will be securely invested until the time of his retirement from Service ; and that should he die beforehand, a provision will be secured for his relations. By payment of a sum of Rs. 163-0-0 per annum (or at the rate of about Rs. 13-0-0 per mensem) as the premium for an endowment Assurance, he will become entitled to Rs. 5,000 on attaining age 55 ; and should he di before attaining that age—even after payment of only one year's subscription—the full sum of Rs. 5,000 will be paid to his representatives. [*Vide* Table III. of Prospectus.]

THE SAME PROVISION, IF COMMENCED

at age 25 would cost about	FIFTEEN RUPEES a month ;
at age 30	EIGHTEEN RUPEES a month ;
at age 35	TWENTY-ONE RUPEES a month
at age 40	TWENTY-EIGHT RUPEES a month;
at age 45	FOURTY-ONE RUPEES a month ;

The rates for other Ages, also for Endowments payable at Ages 45, 50, and 60, and all further information, may be obtained on application Premiums can be paid half-yearly, quarterly, or monthly, at slightly increased rates.

There is an obvious advantage in effecting Investments of this nature *early in life* :—by delay the rate of subscription increases :—death may occur before the intended provision is made :—or health may fail and render the life ineligible for Assurance.

ORIENTAL LIFE COMPANY

Head Office :—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.

N.B.—Every Payment of Premium carries its Proportionate value, which cannot lapse, and for which a Promissory Note is granted.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
— THIBET	2263	400	W. R. Jordan	18th Dec.
s. ROSETTA	3500	700	A. E. Barlow	25th „
				1881.
— MALWA	2950	500	W. Thomson	1st Jan.
s. ANCONA	3094	600	E. G. Stead	8th „
— TEHERAN	2589	400	E. Stewart	15th „
s. AUSTRALIA	3664	600	G. F. Cates	22nd „
— KASHGAR	2621	450	S. F. Cole	29th „
s. MIRZAPORE	3887	600	A. Parish	5th Feb.
— SUMATRA	2188	450	R. F. Briscoe	12th „
s. RAVENNA	3340	700	G. Lee	19th „
— SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	26th „
s. VERONA	3116	600	E. Ashdown	5th Mar.
— MONGOLIA	2833	530	E. M. Edmond	12th „
s. ROHILLA	3464	700	W. Barratt	19th „
— TEHERAN	2589	400	E. Stewart	26th „

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
LOMBARDY	2723	450	J. B. Chapman	3rd Dec.
RAVENNA	3340	700	G. Lee	17th „
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	31st „
				1881.
KHIVA	2609	450	T. Alderton	11th Jan.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Return Tickets at reduced rates, available for 3 months, are now issued :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
From Bombay to Brindisi or Venice and back	Rs. 950	
Do. do. with option of travelling one way *via* Southampton	Rs. 1,000	
Do. to Galle (available for 2 months)	150	75
Do. to Penang and Singapore (do)	450	255

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 20th Nov., 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to Passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 20th Nov., 1880.

ASIATIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

THE COMPANY'S S. S. PESHWA, Tons 1,399, Captain Carson, will be DESPATCHED as above about the 15th December 1880.

Excellent passenger accommodation.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

SIGG, SULZER & Co., Agents.

Bombay, Elphinstone Circle, House No. 38, 8th December, 1880.

STEAM TO HONGKONG *VIA* COLOMBO, PENANG, & SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. HUNGARIA, Captain G. Doncich, will be DESPATCHED as above positively on the 29th December, 1880. For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent, A. H. Lloyd's & S. N. Co.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov 29, 1880.

LIVERPOOL *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

S. S. STRATHLEVEN,
2,136 tons, C. W. Pearson, Commander,
TO SAIL ABOUT 24TH DECEMBER.

THIS well-known and favourite Steamer will have DISPATCH from Bombay as above. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

FARE Rs. 500.

Exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be procured on board.

For passage and further particulars apply to

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.,
And JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY.

Major Mant's collection of PLANTS at No. 53, Marine Lines, being too large to sell in one morning, the SALE commencing TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), will be continued on THURSDAY morning, commencing at 7 a.m.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 14th December, 1880.

MENESSE and COMPANY.

AN AUCTION SALE of a large stock of Railway Plant, Stores, &c., at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Stores Depot, Parel's.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. have received instructions to submit to Public Auction TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, the 15th December, and the following days, at 1 p. m. on each day, until the whole is disposed of at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Stores Depot, Parell.

A large stock of railway plant, stores, &c., being partly surplus and partly used stock, consisting of axes, bolts, nuts, cash-boxes, tin cans, padlocks, sponge, augers, wooden and iron blocks, chain, crab winches, scrap timber, packing cases, scrap iron and steel, wagon and lorry axles, old rails, permanent way spikes and chairs and a number of miscellaneous articles.

One 20 H. P. stationery engine.

Catalogues are published and they can be had on the premises or at the undersigned, and the property is now on view

AUCTION SALE OF DIAMONDS.

On THURSDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account of the concerned—

2 packets Diamonds (Brilliants).
1 Do. rose cut Diamonds.

On THURSDAY, the 16th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c., &c.

An invoice of cut glassware consisting of soda tumblers, oval dishes, etched tumblers, wine, champagne, hock and claret glasses, inkstands with cover, pom vases, &c.

2 cases white flannel.
2 „ „ cambric.
5 „ colored prints.
5 bales grey shirtings.
3 „ grey dhoties.

On account of the concerned
5 cases white brilliants.

"CHIN-CHIN."
CHRISTMAS SEASON.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO SELECT FOR USE, PRESENT OR HOME.

Bona-fide auction sale of a splendid collection of choice and rare China and Japan white and blue marks top substantial furniture, ivory, sandalwood, porcelainware, curios, &c., the private property of a China merchant, specially brought out by him for his own household.

On SATURDAY next, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 32, Meadow Street, behind the Currency Bank, on the same floor occupied by Mr. P. Byramjee. House Agent. the above property, comprising open carved tables round, large in three pieces, small in two pieces, square high in one piece, long with shelf at bottom, writing, large in three pieces with seven drawers, teapoys, round in two pieces, long with shelves in middle, stools, long, square, sexangular, quatuor circular, round, chairs with arms in two pieces, without arms in one piece, easy with sliding under partition, Japan gilt chesshoard, teacaddy, underSliding teapoys, plates to match, rich porcelain jars, garden seats, teasets, inkstand, spittoons brand new, Nicely painted portable lantern, panoramic balls. Three ivory and real sandalwood carved glove boxes, puzzle box, flower vases, folding fans, card trays, baskets, flower boats, curio balls large and small, paper-cutter, paperweights. Chinese and English chessmen, photo. frames, bamboo curios, Preserved and painted leaves, books of rich rice paper paintings, exquisitely embroidered, large pictures on white satin in gilt frames, oil paintings in carved frames, select subject engravings in gilt frames. Alabaster and parian figures and real Bohemian flower vases, with large glass domes and gilt stands, drawing-room illustrated books, small select library, blank copy and note books with lock and keys, travelling curtain with folding frame, morocco writing box completely furnished. Portable picnic basket with lock and key, &c., &c.

1 Rosewood cottage Piano, by Dehain of London.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days previous to the sale.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 11th December, 1880.

SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,

Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.

1 lb. tins, each 15 as.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE NEW REMEDY FOR
INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

LACTOPEPTINE,

a composition of PTYALINE, PEPSINE, PANCREATINE, HYDROCHLORIC and LACTIC ACIDS presented in an agreeable SACCHARATED form.

It is palatable and easy of administration, has DIGESTIVE POWER SEVEN TIMES GREATER THAN THAT OF PEPSINE, and contains all the agents of digestion that act upon food, from mastication to its conversion into chyle.

Original bottles, with measure and directions for use ..... Cash. Rs. 2-8.

SOLE AGENTS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Lessees and Managers .... { Mr. Geo. NORVILLE. Mr. Geo. CROFTON.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY :
NO PERFORMANCE.

WEDNESDAY :
THE LADIES' BATTLE ;
AND THE SCREAMING FARCE,
THE LIMERICK BOY.

THURSDAY :
ROUND THE CLOCK.

FRIDAY :
COMEDY,
THE WIDOW ;
AND FARCE,
THE LIMERICK BOY.

SATURDAY :
H. M. S. PINAFORE.

The PLAN of the HOUSE may be seen, and SEATS secured, at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.'s from 10 A. M. till 6 P. M. daily.

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Doors open at 8-30. The Performance will begin at 9 p.m. punctually.

GEO. NORVILLE, Business Manager.

NOTICE.

THE RIGHT to SELL BHANG and GANZA in the THANA COLLECTORATE from the 15th January, 1881, to the 31st July, 1881, WILL BE SOLD by AUCTION at Thana in the office of the Collector on WEDNESDAY, 5th January, 1881, at 12 noon.

W. B. MULOCK,
Acting Collector.

Thana, Collector's Office, 11th December, 1881.

FOR SALE—English-built LANDAU, by Casterton, with Arab horse, 5 years old, and harness, complete ; can be sold separately, if required. Price moderate. Apply immediately to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street House and Estate Agents.

TO BE LET, from 1st January, 1881, the well-furnished BUNGALOW on the Ridge, Malabar Hill, now in the occupation of Major J. SPARK, containing four bed and bath-rooms, drawing and dining-room, large Stable for six horses and carriages. Vehar water laid on the premises. Rent Rs. 200, including taxes, malee and hamal's pay. Apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

TO BE LET an upperstoried BUNGALOW in Nesbit Lane, Byculla ; rent moderate. One upperstoried furnished or unfurnished BUNGALOW in Girgaum, near Tramway line ; rent only Rs. 65. From 1st April, 1881, an upperstoried BUNGALOW, facing the sea, Breach Candy, with large compound and stable. Vehar water laid on the premises. For rent and other particulars apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bank, Public Debt Office and the Government Savings Bank will be closed on SATURDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, the 25th, 27th, 28th and 29th instant, and on SATURDAY and MONDAY, the 1st and 3rd January, 1881, on account of the CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR Holidays.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. FRASER,
Officiating Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 11th December, 1880.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to, or having CLAIMS against, the ESTATE of the late JAMES JUDD, Senior Apothecary, Subordinate Medical Department, recently attached to the 20th Dorsetshire Regiment, and who died at Jhansie on 2nd December, 1880, are requested to communicate with undersigned within ONE MONTH from this date, after which no claims will be attended to.

J. G. PROUDFOOD, Capt.,
2nd Infantry, H. C.
President, Committee of Adjustment.

Jhansie, 9th December, 1880.

FRASER AND MILLER.

CARNAC IRON WORKS,
PRINCE'S DOCK, BOMBAY.
Established 1861.

WE are prepared to undertake the CONSTRUCTION and ERRECTION of Engines, Boilers, Bridges, Roofs and any description of IRON WORK under our immediate personal supervision.

We have a large stock of patterns for ornamental castings, pillars, railings, &c., on stock, of which castings can be made at shortest notice.

We have in stock among others the following :—

Chatwin's stock and dies in boxes.
Entwisle and Kenyon's patent sudden grip vices for engineers and carpenters.
Dudgeon's tube expanders.
Morse' patent twist drills.
New and second-hand boilers from 15 to 10 H. P.
New and second-hand engine from 4 to 30 H. P., by different makers.
Buckley's patent pistons, rings and springs.
Howard's ploughs suitable for India.
Phosphor, bronze, ingots, bars and sheets.
Boiler test pumps.
Richmond and Chandler's patent bone crushers.
Hydraulic pumps, valves, pipes and fittings.
Kinghorn and Co.'s patent metalic valves for air and circulating pumps.
A new Tangye's patent Soho 10 H. P. engine.
A second-hand 5 ton crane in thorough repair.
Angle, tee and bar iron plates, &c., corrugated and galvanized sheets.

PARTICULARS AND PRICES ON MONTHLY CIRCULARS ON APPLICATION.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to
£4,260,595 STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

Policies covering risks on Merchandise, Buildings, Spinning Mills, Cotton and Jute Presses, Shops, Bungalows, Household Furniture, Hotels, and Clubs, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, granted on most favourable terms, Coals on the Bunders and Kerosine Oil also covered.

15 per cent. discount is now allowed on Mills, &c.

All Policy Stamps paid by the Company.

Fire Premiums for 1862	£200,690
„ 1879	£816,383

LIFE BRANCH.

Policies granted by the Undersigned without reference to Head Office on approved lives. Military Life in Civil employ have extra premium returned.

Endowment Assurances, payable at fixed periods on adult, and children on very favourable terms.

Last Reversionary Bonus 7½ per cent.

Reduction to European rates, when assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated Life Funds now amount to £2,389,907.

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1863	£1,045,143	1873	£2,645,503
1868	£1,579,578	1878	£1,949,159

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

6, Hummum Street.

J. NEUBERG,
CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

FINEST TURKISH,
AROMATIQUE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 1	EMPRESS	Rs. 34	Rs. 3 8
„ 2	PRINCE	„ 30	„ 3 4
„ 3	TRIUMPH	„ 28	„ 3 0
„ 4	IONE	„ 24	„ 2 8

MILD TURKISH,
MOST DELICATE AND AGREEABLE.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 5	SUCCESS	Rs. 24	Rs. 2 8
„ 6	MEDON	„ 20	„ 2 4
„ 7	BIJOUX	„ 18	„ 2 0
„ 8	NYDIA	„ 18	„ 2 0
„ 9	NYMPH	„ 15	„ 1 12

GOLDEN SHAG,
EXQUISITE FLAVOUR AND BOUQUET.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 10	CONFIANCE	Rs. 20	Rs. 2 4
„ 11	ASSOCIATE	„ 18	„ 2 0
„ 12	CONSTANTIA	„ 15	„ 1 12

GOLDEN VIRGINIA,
PLEASANTLY FULL-FLAVOURED.

		per 1,000	per 100
No. 13	WALKYR	Rs. 18	Rs. 2 0
„ 14	ZULEIKA	„ 15	„ 1 12

MANUFACTURED DAILY,
ALWAYS FRESH
AND
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Note.—The superlative superiority of the above Cigarettes to any imported Brands is simply due to the delicious freshness which distinguishes them and which is their greatest charm.

Illustrated Price-list forwarded on application.

REAL
HAVANNAH CIGARS.

J. NEUBERG'S.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED, WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR HALF A CENTURY.

CLARET.
St. Julien Medoc,
Cash, per doz. Quarts Rs. 10.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 6.

CLARET.
Bordeaux,
An excellent Cup Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 10.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 6.

CLARET.
Petit Medoc,
A sound agreeable Breakfast Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 13.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 7-8.

CLARET.
Medoc,
A very superior Breakfast Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 16.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 9-8.

CLARET.
Chateau Lagrange,
An excellent Dinner Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 21.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 11-8.

CLARET.
Chateau La Rose,
A very fine full-bodied Dinner Wine.
Cash, per dozen Quarts, Rs. 26.
Cash, per dozen Pints, Rs. 14-8.

CLARET.
Chateau Margaux,
A rich, old, and very fragrant Wine.
Cash, per dozen Quarts, Rs. 32.
Cash, per dozen Pints, Rs. 17.

CLARET IN WOOD.

BORDEAUX in Hhds	...	...	...per Hhd, Cash Rs.	165
PETIT MEDOC	...	...	... „ „ „	210
SUPERIOR MEDOC	...	...	... „ „ „	260

The superior characters of the above Wines are so well-known as to render superfluous any further recommendation than that the quality of

RECENT CONSIGNMENTS

fully maintains the reputation acquired by previous supplies.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CHAMPAGNE.

HEIDSIECK & CO.'S DRY MONOPOLE.

OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

THEODOR SATOW & CO., LONDON.—SOLE AGENTS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, INDIA AND THE COLONIES.

PHOSPHO.

A NON-ALCOHOLIC SPARKLING RESTORER,
OR
GOOD TEMPLARS' CHAMPAGNE.

PHOSPHO—Is good for everybody—Because it contains the chief elements of the Brain, the Blood, the Nerves, and other tissues.

PHOSPHO—Is a certain and rapid Invigorator. A friend states :—"I returned home exhausted by unusual exertion, and feeling myself so much better after one bottle of Phospho, was induced to take another, which after a short time completely restored me, and I felt as though I hadn't been fatigued."

PHOSPHO—Rs. 3 per doz., bottles extra.

PHOSPHO—Wholesale and Retail at 17, Church Gate Street.

PHOSPHO—May be had also at—

Messrs. Rogers and Co., Messrs. Pearse's Refreshment Rooms, Apollo Bunder, Watson's Hotel, Waverley Billiard Rooms, Temple Bar, Apollo Pier Gardens, Jamsetjee Framjee Borah Bazar Street, and at all Hotels and Refreshment-Room

SOLE PROPRIETORS,
B. PHILLIPS & CO., POONA.

CARLTON WHISKY.

THE CARLTON WHISKIES, same as supplied to the Carlton and other London Clubs.

These Grand Old Whiskies are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS and Company, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "Carlton."

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.

Cash.		Credit		
32	0	33	0	11 years.
28	0	29	0	5 years.

Extract of Letter from Secretary of the Carlton Club :—"The consumption of this Spirit in the Club has greatly increased since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whisky being most excellent."

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES that th[e] *empty bottles* have been dishonestly *refilled* with the *poisonous trash* very often *sold in India under the name of Whisky*, this is therefore to *caution* consumers to carefully examine the *Capsules* and *Corks* to see they have not been *tampered with* ; also that the Corks, Capsules, and Labels are *branded* with *Trade Mark*. *Legal proceedings* will be taken against persons *infringing* the *rights* of the *Shippers*.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS ENGRAVERS, GOLD & SILVER SMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.

HAVE REMOVED

TO MORE SPACIOUS PREMISES,

BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR THEM,

AT

NO. 2, RAMPART ROW,

NEXT TO THE CURRENCY OFFICE, BOMBAY.

C. MARCKS & CO.

September, 1880.

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS WATCHES.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

In Open Crystal face cases	...	...	Rs. 25	0 0
In Hunting cases	...	...	„ 30	0 0
In Half-Hunting cases	...	...	„ 35	0 0

Two years' guarantee. Sent post free to every Station in India.

MESSRS. FAVRE, LEUBA & Co beg to draw particular attention to the above watches, and confidently recommend them to every personwho wants to buy a watch : CHEAP, STRONG, and GOOD.

These watches are of moderate size, in an extremely well-made and tight-shutting German Silver case. The movement is protected inside by a glass dome.

The movement has a Patent Lever Escapement, built on the soundest scientific principles.

The watches are keyless, and the hands are set also through the keyless mechanism, so that there is no necessity of opening the watch.

The watches have a second hand.

The figures of the dial and the hands are left extra bold, so that the time can be seen instantly on a glance at the dial, and in nearly complete darkness.

The watch, as a whole, combines strength with all the conditions necessary to good time-keeping.

This watch has proved a complete success as a CAMPAIGN WATCH, and its usefulness is recognised by the daily increasing demand from all quarters of our Army in the field.

To Shikaries, Sportsmen, &c., these watches will prove to stand any amount of rough usage and handling.

We guarantee riding will not effect the working of these watches.

We dare confidently say that these watches, if treated with ordinary care, and cleaned once every two years, will give a 15 years' good service.

Every watch is fitted in a wooden case, in which will be found a spare glass, and a spare mainspring.

We receive now regular shipments of these watches by each mail, and every order can for the future be executed by return post.

Only watches that have been examined and timed are despatched on orders.

2 years' guarantee. Packing and postage free.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

N.B.—In order to protect our watches from inferior articles brought on the market under similar names, we engrave our name, or stamp our name, on all of them.

Illustrated Catalogues giving details of our enormous stock of pocket Watches, Clocks, &c., sent free on application.

Our new Illustrated Catalogue for the coming season will appear shortly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEMPLE BAR CONCERT,
EVERY EVENING AT 9 P. M.

APOLLO GARDENS,
HERR BITTERSMANN'S BAND,
From 6 till 7 P.M.

CARLOTTA PATTI'S COMPANY,

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,

WILL GIVE A SERIES OF SIX GRAND OPERATIC CONCERTS,

TO COMMENCE ABOUT THE 20TH JANUARY, 1881, AT THE TOWN HALL.

As applications have already been made to reserve Seats, a Subscription List has, therefore, been opened. Transferrable Tickets can now be obtained for the SERIES OF SIX CONCERTS FOR Rs. 30, SINGLE TICKETS, Rs. 7.

From Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., where a plan of the Seats can be seen.

G. POMPEI, Agent.

FRESH AUSTRALIAN HORSES.

JUST ARRIVED, a very superior batch of well-bred AUSTRALIAN HORSES, comprising a number suitable for chargers, weight-carrying, hacks and several stylish pairs. FOR SALE at SCOTT & Co.'s STABLES, Girgaum.

ZOEDONE. ZOEDONE.

TREACHER & Co., Limited.

NOTICE.

AN AGRICULTURAL SHOW and CATTLE FAIR WILL BE HELD in the Wadhwan Civil Station on the 10th, 11th, and 12th February 1881.

Prospectuses and every other information will be gladly given by undersigned or by the Honorary Secretary, Rao Bahadur Keshorao Bhaskerji.

H. L. NUTT, Major,
Assistant Political Agent in charge Jhalawar Prant.
Wadhwan C. Station, 11th December, 1880.

CAPT. WARREN'S PATENT COOKING UTENSILS,

Compared with ordinary Cooking, effect a saving of TWO OUNCES IN THE POUND OR 12½ PER CENT.

They thus produce GREAT ECONOMY IN THE KITCHEN.

BY WARREN'S PROCESS, Meats are cooked without coming in contact with water or steam, and being prepared in their own vapour, they retain their full flavour and nutritious properties.

WARREN'S PATENT COOKING POTS.

ROUND	Size...	4	6	8	10	quarts.
	Rupees...	7-8	9	11	12-8	each.
OVAL	Size...	12½	14	15½	16½	18 inches.
	Rupees...	15	18-8	22-8	25	30 each.
BELLIED	Size...	3	4	5	6	8 gall.
	Rupees...	18	22	27	30	35 each.

WARREN'S PATENT COOKING POTS.
With Cast Iron Boilers, tinned inside.

ROUND	Size...	6	8	10 quarts.
	Rupees...	9-8	11	12-8 each.
OVAL	Size...	4	5	6 gall.
	Rupees...	21-8	23	26 each.

WARREN'S PATENT CURRY PANS.
10 inch size, each Rs.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 13, 1880.

TO-DAY has been a partial holiday owing to the Mohurrum, and a very quiet feeling has accordingly been apparent in business generally.

Saturday's home telegrams contain nothing to affect our markets materially. Consols, French Rentes, and Enfaced Rupee Paper are all given at Friday's rates, and the London money-market is apparently unaltered.

In the General Produce markets Coffee is the only article showing a quotable alteration, M. P. Ceylon being again 1s. per cwt. lower. Seeds and Wheat are without change. The Wool auctions, Reuter says, closed with a fair competition, but no mention is made of any movement in prices.

The Liverpool Cotton market on Saturday, although firm, was unchanged in price, but in New York March shipment recovered from 12·15 to 12·29, notwithstanding the fact of the day's receipts being 4,000 bales over the corresponding date last year.

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes :—

Public Deposits at H. O.	Dec.	Rs. 1,18,151
Do. do. Branches	Inc.	,, 1,55,755
Other Deposits	Dec.	,, 5,41,366
Government Securities	Dec.	,, 16,87,209
Loans	Dec.	,, 3,74,836
Bills Discounted	Dec.	,, 6,43,478
Cash with Correspondents	Inc.	,, 1,11,582
Cash and Currency Notes	Inc.	,, 21,96,601

Although out of the large increase in the Cash Balance only 5 lakhs is due to a diminution of the trade demand, it is sufficient to show that as yet we are still some way off dearer money ; and we still hold to the opinion that no important change in this respect is probable until well on in January.

EXCHANGE.—Owing to a rise of 1-16d. per oz. quoted in Bar Silver in London on Saturday, the market opened firm, with only two banks buying three months' credits at 1s. 8d. ready, and some disposition shown to draw for distant delivery on slightly better terms. After receipt of the Calcutta telegrams, however, a slightly easier feeling became apparent ; all the banks came out as buyers of ready bills at current rates, and there was less willingness to sell forward. At the close the market is quiet, but steady at the following quotations for ready paper :—

Bank Bills on demand	.... 1s. 7d.		per rupee.
Do. telegraphic	1s. 7 23-32d.		,,
Do. 3 months' sight,	1s. 7 27-32d.		,,
Credits, 3	,, ,,	...1s. 8d.	,,
Documents, 3	,, ,,	...1s. 8 1-32d.	,,
Francs, 3	,, ,,	...2f. 11c.	,,

On Calcutta the rate for demand bills may be quoted at par. For 60 days' sight it is still impossible to give a quotation.

GOVERNMENT PAPER to-day has been very quiet, with only a limited amount of business doing, but rates are very steady, and since receipt of the Calcutta telegrams somewhat firmer. We call :—Fours, Rs. 100¼ ; Fours-and-half, Rs. 109 to ½.

SHARES, as a rule, have been very firm, although not particularly active. Bank of Bombay are 1 per cent. higher at Rs. 735. Colaba Land shares are slightly easier at Rs. 827½. In Press Companies there is no quotable change. Spinning and Weaving Mill Companies are firm, and we quote an advance of Rs. 45 in Sassoon, Rs. 15 in Dhurrumsey, Rs. 10 in Mazagon, and Rs. 5 in Prince of Wales. There is, however, a decline of Rs. 50 in Bhownagar Mills, and Rs. 5 in Bombay United, New Great Eastern, and Sholapore. Bombay Saw Mills have advanced Rs. 25, Treacher and Co., Ld., Rs. 5, and Bombay Ice "A" shares Rs. 2 per share.

COTTON to-day has shown decidedly more firmness ; a better demand has prevailed from exporters, and a fair business has been done in New Cotton for distant delivery. Ready Cotton, however, has not altered in value, and it seems evident that there is little demand for New Crop for earlier than January shipment. Closing prices are :—

Good Hingunghaut, Jan.	.. Rs. 210		per candy.
,, Omra	,, ,, 220	,, 225	,,
,, ,,	March .. ,, 222		,,
,, Broach.	,, ,, 242		,,

LINSEED is weak, with more sellers than buyers. For ready we quote Rs. 6-12 per cwt., and there are sellers of New Crop May delivery at Rs. 6-6 per cwt. WHEAT is also easier, with sellers of Soft White at Rs. 3½ per candy ready, and Rs. 31 May delivery.

FREIGHTS are pretty steady. The s. s. Strathleven is said to have booked about 1,500 tons weight at 35s. for Liverpool, and is now engaging measurement at the same rate. Other steamers, however, are asking 36s. 3d. to 37s. 6d. for forward shipment. For the Mediterranean ports 42s. 6d., payable here, is the quotation, and the Jenny Otto is reported to have been re-chartered for Marseilles at that rate.

PIECEGOODS show no improvement as regards the extent of the demand, the clearances from the bazaar to-day being only estimated at about 400 packages of all kinds ; but dealers take a somewhat more hopeful view of the future, and are not pressing sales, except of mulls and jaconets, of which supplies are heavy at the moment.

COALS are firm, and as prices are advancing at home, there are few sellers to arrive at anything like current rates here.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	5p. ct.	735
Bank of Bengal	12,000	500	all	8 do.	765
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	635
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	135
Chart'd Bank I. & C.	40,000	25	all	6 do.	275
Chart'd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do.	280
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	28½	all	8 do.	400
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12½	5 do.	108
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	280

PRESS COMPANIES

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,110
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18p.ct.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	132 p.s.	1,100
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	375	2,050
Bellary	625	1,000	1,000	20 p. s.	500
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co	600	500	all	40	430
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	65
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	875
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co.	500	300	all	21	230
East India Press Co	100	1,000	1,000	90	1,095
Fort Press Co	150	8,500	8,500	300 p.s.	2,850
French Press Co	300	500	all	45 p. s.	445
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	50	500
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p. s.	310
New Indian Press	1,000	350	350	14	135
Prince of W. Press	120	.....	1,500	75	1,250
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	100	1,250
Sassoon Press Co	300	500	500	25	450
Volkart's Press Co	450	1,000	all	50	530

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	1,000	90	990
Albert Mill	400	2,000	1,700	..	950
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100	5	102
Alfred Manufacturing Company	2,000	500	500	22½ p.s.	555
Alliance Spinning Co.	2,400	2,400	all	100 p.s.	2,300
Bhownuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	560
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	30	1,010
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	775
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	20	900
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	35	765
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	all	25 p. s.	560
Golam Baba Spinning Company	1,000	500	400	20	540
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	60 p. s.	1,105
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	..	800
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45 p. s.	1,100
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	1,015
Khatao Mackanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	45 p. s.	920
Madras	300	1,250	1,250	75	600
Madras United	250	1,000	1,000	80 p. s.	1,325
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	1,000	60	1,325
Mazagon Spinning Co.	2,000	500	500	35	225
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	60	1,200
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,050
New Great Eastern	1,100	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	1,125
Oriental	4,000	625	625	25	735
Prince of Wales's Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	..	360
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	40	1,020
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1,030
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	75	1,010
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	40	875
Western India S. & M. Company	978	1,000	500	..	1,120

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£28	218-3-0	5 p. ct	310
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-11-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,000
Do. New £15 Shares.	..	£18	196-5-15	do	265

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	100	1,000	1,000	100	725
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	8 p.c	A150 B141
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,175
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	15 p.ct.	10
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	60	385
Mechanics' Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	20
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	..	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	850
Treacher & Company,	2,000	500	all	74	740
Thacker & Company.	1,000	100	100	10	115

BANK OF BOMBAY.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay on the 11th December as compared with the statement issued on the 4th December :—

LIABILITIES.	Dec. 4. Rs.	Dec. 11. Rs.
Proprietors' Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund, invested in Government Securities	22,00,000	22,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	25,30,422	24,12,271
Do. do. at Branches	8,83,753	10,35,508
Other Deposits	2,81,89,911	2,76,39,545
Post Bills	16,476	18,365
Cash Credits, undrawn	4,56,359	5,49,565
	4,42,67,921	4,38,59,274
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	77,51,233	60,64,021
Cash Credits, on Security of Government Paper, Bullion, and Merchandise	9,96,579	9,88,771
Loans, on Security of do	52,61,543	48,86,707
Current Accounts, overdrawn	9,245	5,657
Bills Discounted	1,14,19,822	1,07,76,344
Stamps	3,033	3,032
Dead Stock	Rs. 5,14,874	
Amount applied in reduction	2,15,000	3,29,874	3,29,874
Cash Balances with Correspondents		17,03,887	18,15,469
Cash and Currency Notes		1,57,92,885	1,80,59,576
Cash and Currency Notes		4,42,67,921	4,38,59,274

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Sirdana, 2,040 tons, Captain W. Crowder, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE steamer Arrow, 130 tons, Nacoda, which arrived in harbour on the 11th inst. from Coast and Cutch, brought 158 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Huzara, 1,578 tons, Captain Geo. Self, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein (1st Dec.) with a cargo of timber.

THE ship Dominion, 1,255 tons, Captain H. Thomas which arrived in harbour on the 12th inst. from Liverpool (21st Aug.), brought a cargo of 1,921 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer China, 1,037 tons, Captain H. P. Weighill, which arrived in harbour on the 11th inst. from Jeddah, via Kurrachee, brought a general cargo and 378 pilgrims as deck passengers.

THE ship Mary P. Ketchen, 1,032 tons, Captain Thos. Hughes, arrived in harbour yesterday from Sunderland (30th June) with a cargo of 1,040 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Owen and Okell.

THE barque Albuera, 774 tons, Captain John Robin, which arrived in harbour on the 12th inst. from Mauritius (1st Nov.), brought a cargo of 12,639 bags sugar. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE steamer Hampshire, 1,700 tons, Captain Geo. James, which arrived in harbour on the 12th inst. from Sunderland (4th Nov.), brought a cargo of sleepers and railway materials, and Rev. H. Smith, and two deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
13	Huzara (s)	Self	Moulmein, Dec. 1.
	Mary P. Kitchen	Hughes	Sunderland, June 30.
	Ravenna	Stewart	Southampton, Nov. 26.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destinations.
13	I. G. S. Dalhousie.	Powell	Kurrachee.
	Sirdana (s)	Crowder	Calcutta.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Arrow, to Coast and Jamnuggur.
Steamer Llanarthen, to London.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVAL.

Dec.
9 Naples (s) .....White .....Hongkong, Nov. 21.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 9—Steamers Sir John Lawrence, Pekin, Malda, Discoverer and Celerity. Ship Royal Edward and a ship (numbers undistinguishable.)

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 12 City of Mecca, ss, Burham, from Glasgow.
26 Java, ss, Magensi, from Bombay.
30 Hutton, ss, Henderson, from Jeddah.
30 Philomel, H. M. ss, Berners, from Red Sea.
30 Kaisar-i-Hind ss, Methven, from London.
30 Bheema, ss, Nacoda, from Jeddah.
Dec. 1 Tnibet, ss, Jordon, from Venice.
1 S. W. Keily, ss, Bobson, from Marseilles.
1 China, ss, Weighell, from Jeddah.
3 Celtic Monarch, ss, Roper, from Calcutta.
2 Camelot, ss, Daily, from Calcutta.
3 King Arthur, Dcert, from Jeddah.
3 Nizam, ss, Bariow, from Bombay.
4 Dhobillah, ss, Valliat, from Jeddah.
4 Ischia, It G Boat, Volpe, Assab Bay.
4 Philomel, H. M. ss, Berners, from Perim.
5 Autocrat, ss, White, from Cardiff.
5 Jafferia, E. G. Boat, Alli Beg, from Berbara.
5 Amuanic, F. T. Ship, Variot, from Saigon.
6 Tebe, ss, Velich, from Bombay.
6 Akola, ss, Nacoda, from Jeddah.
6 Mytton, F. T. Ship, Devatre, from Toulon.
7 John Pender, ss, Perkin, from Suez.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 1 Jaza, ss, Magensi, to Zanzibar.
1 Hutton, ss, Hendersan, to Calcutta.
1 Kaisar-i-Hind, ss, Methven, to Calcutta.
1 Bheema, ss, Nacoda, to Duscat.
1 Tnibet, ss, Jordon, to Bombay.
2 Philomel, H. M. ss, Berners, to Perim.
2 S. W. Kelly, ss, Robson, to Rennion.
2 China, Weighell, to Kurrachee.
2 Celtic Monarch ss, Roper, to London.
3 Camelot, ss, Daily, to Dundee.
3 Nizam, ss, Bariow, to Southampton.
4 King Arthur, ss, Dcert, to Kurrachee.
5 Dhobillah, ss, Vallia, to Bombay.
5 Autocrat, ss, White, to Kurrachee.
6 Philomel H. M. ss, Berners to Muccala.
6 Amuanic F. T. Ship, Variot, to Tonlon.
6 Tebe, ss, Velich, to Trieste.
6 AJola, ss, Nacoda, to Zanzibar.
7 Mython, F. T. Ship, Devatre, to Saigon.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

City of Mecca, ss, Burham, from Glasgow.
Ischia, It G. Boat, Volpe, from Assab Bay.
Jafferia, E. G. Boat, Alli Beg, from Berbara.
John Pender, ss, Perkin, from Suez.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Trentham Hall (s)—50 bales cotton, Lyon and Co ; 101 bales wool, Damoder Khimjee ; 57 bales wool, Jairam Sewjee ; 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 13 bales wool, Ootumchund Rekhawchund.
Clan Stuart (s)—100 bales cotton, Thos H. Moore and Co ; 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 813 cwts rice, Dewoo Doonger ; 1,578 cwts rice, M S Gubbay and Co.
William Symington (s)—10,001¼ cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers ; 658 cwts cotton seed, Gocuidass Moolchund ; 50 casks castor oil, Ralli Brothers.
Strathleven (s)—300 cwts bones, Ally Mahamed Hasum ; 8,879 cwts rice, M S Gubbay and Co ; 3,930 cwts rice, Mirzamull Sewbux.

FOR LONDON.

Llanarthen (s)—750 bales cotton and 4,000¼ cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Thibet (s)—310 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 200 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Leo (s)—200 bales cotton, Olcese and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Thibet (s)—1,000 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 550 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Leo (s)—1 bale silk, Ralli Brothers ; 2,008 cwts mowra flowers, Purmanund Veerjee.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 14.

(Before the Hon Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Cause.

410-80—M M Munshi—Soorjee Jewandass and others vs Hurridass Shamjee and others—In person—part heard.

Long Causes.

532-79—R M Sayani—Lahabai vs Jafferbhoy Goolam Hoosain—Macfarlane and G—Part heard.
648-79—Macfarlane and G—Jafferbhoy Goolam Hooscin vs Mehomedbhoy Rowjee and another—R M Sayani. Part heard.
337-80—Craigie, L and O—Hunsraimull Goridass mul and others vs Chellaram Bhojraj and others—Janardhan and H.
166-80—Tobin and R—Khoja Khan Mahomed Nensey vs Borah Abdool Hoosein Abed Russool and others—Shamrao P.
350-80—In person, (a pauper) Crustnabai vs Nanna Crustnaji Warker—In person.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Such of the following New Long Causes fixed for to-day which either party has informed the Prothonotary or the Deputy Registrar, will be defended, will not be called on until such contested cases and undefended suits in the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

New Long Causes.

469-80—Shapurjee and T—Devocrabai vs Doongersey Lalljee and others—Muljee and B.
470-80—H W Payne—Bai Hafflzaboo and others vs Kikabhoy Shamsudeen Nurse, Bai and D.
471-80—M M Munshi—Ramjee Ballajee vs Thucker Purshotum Kalianjee.
473-80—M H Khan—Sadoba Bhowanjee vs Madhoo Ranajee and another.
477-80—Ardeshir and H—Ludha Lukhomsey vs Ramchunder Bhowanishiker and another—R M Sayni.

Short Causes.

39-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Rowjee Lalldass.
113-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Oomajee Suntoojee and another.
121-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Cowasjee Cursetjee Mehta.
137-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Bhimjee Jaitha.
138-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Byramjee Cooverjee Patel.
143-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Anundrao Bhimrao Patankar.
475-77—Macfarlane and G—Lalljee Veerjee vs Muncherjee Rustomjee Kharbhata.
435-80—Shapurjee and T—Ramjee Madhowjee vs Bai Ganga—Craigie L and O.
466-80—Jefferson, B and D—Narrojee Bhimjee and others vs Magniram Chandajee.
474-80—Prescot and W—Thacker Kesaowjee Jadowjee and another vs Thucker Dayal Jairaj—Jefferson B and D.
502-80—In person—Esmailjee Shaikbhoy and others vs Abdool Hoosin Meya Khan and another.
509-80—Shapurjee and T—Rajoonnul Ramchunder and another—H Bicknell—Part heard.
510-80—Craigie L and O—H G Hayter and another vs P G Tickell.
511-80—Crawford and B—H Sallabery vs Hajee Mahomed Osman—Jefferson B and D.
519-80—Jefferson B and D—Sajan Coomar Hematram and another vs Goomaniram Thengaeea and another.

Long Causes.

564-78—Jefferson, B and D—Dewsey Amund vs Ghansey Kessow and others—H Bicknell—Part heard.
229-80—R Skipsey—Gunputrao Gorojee vs A. P. Jackson and another—H. Bicknell.
621-79—H Bicknell—Mirza Sabutally Yullud vs Pandoorung Ramchundra—Janardhan and K.
313-80—Muljee and B—Byranjee Bomanjee vs Shrirung Raghoonath—Jefferson, B and D.
316-80—Prescot and W—J T Bell and others vs Dhurrumsey Poonjabhoy—Ardeshir and H.
322-80—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Manjee Meghjee—In person.
79-80—Hearn, C and L—Burjorjee Muncherjee Wadia and another vs the Nursey S and W Co—Ardeshir and H.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 11.

Phayre, Lieut., 2-11th Foot, on duty, from Kandahar.

DECEMBER 12.

Macdonald, Major, S. C., on leave, from Rawal Pindee.
Gibbs, Lieut., 31st Punjaub N. I., on furlough, from Peshawar.
MacCarthy, Captain, 2-4th Regt., on leave, from Baroda.
Maltby, Captain, 16th M. N. I., on leave, from Ralpore.

DECEMBER 13.

Gordon, Lieut., R. E., on leave, from Roorkee.
Collins, Major, 70th Regt., on sick leave, from Dinapore.
Griffiths, Major, 3rd Sikhs, on leave, from Lahore.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 11.

Herbert, Lieut., Deoli Irregular Force, on leave, to England.

DECEMBER 12.

Watts, Lieut.-Col., Asst. Adjt. Genl., from leave, to Poona.
Beacock, Captain, A. D. C., from leave, to Poona.

DECEMBER 13.

Jacob, Major, Staff, on duty, to Surat.
DesVeux, Lieut., 4th B. C., to rejoin, to Kandahar.
MacCarthy, Capt., 2-4th Regt., to rejoin, to Baroda.
Barlow, Capt., R. E., on duty, to Rangoon.

THE ARMY.

(London Gazette.)

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL, 26th November, 1880.

Royal Artillery, Lieut.-Genl. Sir C. L. D'Aguilar, K.C.B., to be Col. Comdt., vice Lieut-Genl. C. J. Dalton, deceased. Dated 8th Nov. 1880.

Lieut-Col. and Bt. Col. F. Close, from the Seconded List, to be Col. vice J. F. Pennycuick, C. B., promoted Major Genl. Dated 8th Nov. 1880.

Lieut.-Col. and Bt. Col. H. Renny, to be Col. vice P. G. Pipon, C.B., promoted Major-Genl. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

Major H. J. Thornton (late Madras) to be Lieut-Col. vice J. Ketchen (late Madras), placed upon the Seconded List. Dated 27th Oct. 1880.

Major N. H. Harris, to be Lieut. Col. vice Bt. Col. H. Renny, promoted. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

Major A. I. Maclaverty (late Madras), from the Seconded List, to be Major, vice H. J. Thornton (late Madras), promoted. Dated 27th Oct. 1880.

Capt. G. M. B. Hornsby to be Major, vice N. H. Harris, promoted. Dated 13th Nov. 1880

Capt. F. B. Knox, from the Seconded List, to be Capt. vice G. M. B. Hornsby, promoted. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

The retirement of Capt. and Bt. Major A. J. Rait, C.B., receiving a gratuity, announced in the *London Gazette* of 9th Nov. 1877, is cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Capt. and Bt. Major A. J. Rait, C. B., retires on a pension, with the honorary rank of Lieut.-Col. Dated 7th Nov. 1877.

Capt. C. Jones, upon the Seconded List, retires on a pension, with the honorary rank of Major. Dated 27th Nov., 1880.

Lieut. C. C. Rich to be Capt., vice P. F. Blackwood, who retires on a pension, with the honorary rank of Major. Dated 27th Nov. 1880.

Lieut. J. J. Swinton, from the Seconded List, to be Lieut., vice A. W. Hanson, promoted. Dated 27th Nov. 1880.

The third Christian name of Capt. L. J. A. Chapman, promoted in the *London Gazette* of the 14th Nov., 1879, in *Archer*, and not as therein stated.

Coast Brigade, Lieut. M. Tracy to be Captain, vice W. Spall, who retires upon full pay with the honorary rank of Major. Dated 28th Oct. 1880.

BREVET.

Lieut. H. L. Wells, Rl. Engrs., to have the local rank of Capt., whilst employed in Persia

The following promotions to take place consequent on the death, on 7th Nov., 1880, of Lieut.-Genl C. J. Dalton, Col.-Comdt., R. A. :—

Major-Genl. Sir F. A. Campbell, K.C.B., R. A., to be Lieut.-Genl. Dated 8th Nov., 1880.

Col. J. F. Pennycuick, C.B., R. A., to be Major-Genl. Dated 8th Nov., 1880.

Major G. Forbes, 78th Foot, to be Lieut.-Col. Dated 8th Nov., 1880.

Capt. George Cox, 87th Foot, to be Major. Dated 8th Nov. 1880.

The following promotions to take place in succession to Genl. Sir E. C. Warde, K. C. B., Col.-Comdt. R. A., placed upon the Retired List on the 13th Nov. 1880.

Lieut.-Genl. J. H. Francklyn, C. B., Col. Comdt., R. A., to be Genl. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

Major-Genl. J. Turner, C. B., R. A., to be Lieut-Genl. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

Col. P. G. Pipon, C.B., R. A., to be Major-Genl. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

Capt. and Bt. Major R. C. Martin, half-pay, late 16th Foot, Suptg. Officer Recruiting Service, to be Lieut-Col. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

Capt. R. F. Stirke, 69th Foot, to be Major. Dated 13th Nov. 1880.

The undermentioned officers to be Colonels :—

Major and Bt. Lieut.-Col. H. Brackenbury, C.B., R. A. Dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut-Col. W. Booth, R. A. Dated 17th Nov. 1880.

MEMORANDUM.—Lieut-C. E. Bedford, half-pay, R. A., resigns his Commission. Dated 27th Nov. 1880

Messrs C. MARCKS & COMPANY,

OF

BOMBAY and POONA,

HAVE the pleasure of announcing that Mr. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has appointed them AGENTS for the sale of his celebrated PEBBLE SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES, BINOCULARS, &c.

Mr. MENIST makes his Frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found to be the best metals for the purpose, his object being to obtain perfection as nearly as possible, without regard to cost. He does not use steel, for this metal rusts, and the joints become loose, altering the focus of the glasses, and so injuring the eyes ; neither is there any economy in it, for in this climate it corrodes so quickly that it must be often renewed, while Gold or Silver are practically everlasting, and Aluminium cannot be used, for it leaves an indelible mark on the skin wherever it comes in contact with it.

Mr. MENIST'S NON-PRESSURE EYE-GLASSES have a spring so made that it may be twisted in any direction without breaking, and they maintain their position when worn without any pressure or leaving any mark when removed.

His 12-lens "DUCHESSE" are all Achromatic and as powerful as Field Glasses.

His FIELD, MARINE, and OPERA GLASSES may be used for hours without causing the eyes to ache.

Mr. MENIST has left instruments with Messrs. C. MARCKS and Co. which enable them to test each eye separately, for it frequently happens that they differ more or less in power.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co., for the convenience of clients who may not wish to purchase Mr. MENIST'S GLASSES, have also in stock some of their own manufacture, at lower prices, in Gold, Silver, and Steel frames, and though the quality of the pebbles is admittedly not equal to those of Mr. Menist, yet it is very good, and much superior to most of what is sold as the "finest Brazilian Pebbles."

Pamphlets may be had on application.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of continually increasing sale of MR. MENIST'S the CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYEGLASSES, &c., for which they are the appointed Agents, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on the former prices, thus placing these VALUABLE AIDS to DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERYONE.

NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY which cannot be delivered at Government House, Parel, by 12, noon, on THURSDAY, the 16th instant, shou'd be addressed "GOVERNOR'S CAMP," without the addition of any post town, till further orders.

C. G. W. MACPHERSON,
Ag. Private Secretary
to H. E. Governor.

Government House, Parel, Bombay, 13th Dec., 1880.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
Wine Merchant.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

ROBERTSON—November 8th, near London, Alexander Robertson, formerly of Dharwar, Southern Mahratta Country, aged 13.

MARRIAGE.

ALEXANDER—FRANCIS—November 23rd, at St. Jude's Church, Southsea, Hants, by the Rev. J. S. Blake, Vicar, John Henry Alexander, Major, Royal Artillery, to Katharine Mary, youngest daughter of Colonel J. Francis, of the Bombay Staff Corps.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

BARNETT—December 11th, the wife of G. A. Barnett, of a daughter.
GOLDING—December 13th, at Boree Bunder, the wife of Mr. J. Golding, Guard, G. I. P. Railway, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BEAN—December 4th, at Lahore, the wife of J. Bean, A. D. S. Police, of a son.
BORROWDAILE—December 9th, at Madras, the wife of Sergt.-Major Wm. Borrowdaile, the Governor's Bodyguard, (late 14th King's Hussars), of a daughter.
BULMAN—December 3rd, at Gujranwala, the wife of A. R. Bulman, Esq., Deputy Commissioner, of a daughter.
GORE—December 6th, at Ranikhet, North-West Provinces, the wife of Surgeon-Major Albert A. Gore, M.D., Army Medical Department, of a daughter.
LAIDMAN—December 2nd, at Mussoorie, the wife of G. J. Laidman, C. S., of a daughter.
SUTHERLAND—December 7th, at Lahore, the wife of Mr. C. G. Sutherland, of a daughter.
WRIGHT—December 8th, at Wellington, the wife of Major H. C. Wright, Madras Staff Corps, of a son.
WRAFTER—November 25th, at Georgaon, the wife of R. E. Wrafter, Civil Surgeon, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

EDDIS—McDONELL—December 6th, at Calcutta, William Kearnes Eddis, to Annie Lindsay (Linnie), third daughter of Hon'ble W. Fraser McDonell, V.C.
RODGERS—STANLEY—November 30th, at Coonhaconum, John Frederic, to Laura Manning, third daughter of F. L. A. M. Stanley.
SIM—BROADBENT—December 4th, at Calcutta, J. Keith Sim, to Emma, second daughter of S. Broadbent, of Douglas, Isle of Man.
SHIRREFF—DAVIDSON—December 7th, at Benares, the Rev. Francis Archibald Pattullo Shirreff, M. J., Church Missionary, to Elizabeth Louisa, daughter of Major-General A. Davidson, R. E., Abbotsford, Weston-super-mare.

DEATH.

ANDERSON—December 4th, at Meerut, Major A. Gore Anderson, Paymaster, 4th Battalion 60th Rifles.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1880.

REUTER states that it is expected in London that Parliament will be immediately summoned in consequence of the state of affairs in Ireland. This expectation is not, it appears to us, likely to be realised. This is the 14th of December, and Parliament could not well be assembled under at least four days' notice, which would allow of only a five days' session being held before Christmas. What measure of coercion could possibly be carried in so brief a space, in face of the determined opposition of the whole body of Irish members? It is clear that nothing would be now gained by calling Parliament together before the 6th of January, the date already fixed. It is stated that Mr. Forster is insisting on the adoption of coercive measures in Ireland, but if he be, he is doing so rather late in the day. Had he taken that attitude a few weeks since, he might have compelled Mr. Bright and Mr. Chamberlain to give way upon the point, or else to leave the Cabinet. Having now reached the middle of December, it is difficult to see what can be done until the Christmas holidays are over. It is quite possible that the rumours of the summoning of Parliament and the adoption of coercive measures are due to the fact that a Cabinet Council was unexpectedly summoned yesterday, but it is just possible this step has been taken in respect to the growing troubles at the Cape, where a rebellion of the Boers threatens to become general. So far as Reuter has kept us informed, there has been no new development of lawlessness in Ire

TELEGRAMS.

LORD RIPON'S ILLNESS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 13.

The Viceroy's present condition is altogether satisfactory. Dr. Payne, of Calcutta, arrived on Sunday evening, and is now, united with H. E.'s personal Surgeon, Dr. Anderson, in attendance on His Excellency. Two other doctors, Messrs. McConnell and McLeod, set out from Calcutta in accordance with arrangements made by the authorities of Government at that place, but were stopped on Sunday evening by telegram from Allahabad. Dr. Payne having been, as it happened, already on the line at Bankipore, was enabled to arrive first on the scene, and it was considered to be unnecessary to congregate too large a medical force round the Viceroy's bed. The latest bulletin says the Viceroy has passed a good night, and there is an improvement in his condition, but fluctuations are to be expected.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

The ollowing telegram from Allahabad was received in Calcutta to-day at 3 p.m. :—The Viceroy has passed a good night, and there is an improvement since yesterday : but fluctuations are to be expected.

ADMINISTRATION OF AFFAIRS AT KANDAHAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 13.

Telegrams dated Kandahar, 11th December, say that arrangements for a more settled administration than has been possible during the recent period of uncertainty are being made by Colonel St. John, and governors are to be appointed to the remoter districts.

EXPECTED REVOLUTION AT HERAT.

It is reported that Khan Aga, Chief of Jamshidies, whose daughter Ayoub Khan married, is leading his own and other Aimak tribes against his son-in-law, and that a revolution is imminent in Herat. Another less probable report is that Ayoub has come to Farrah, where he is assembling as many Duranis as possible.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE AMIR.

A traveller from Kabul states that Mahomed Jan has been appointed Commander-in-Chief and Mir Bacha Kohistan Prime Minister, and that the Amir is expected to make an early journey to India.

OUTRAGES BY NATIVE SOLDIERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, Dec. 13.

Three women here were shot by a sepoy of the 22nd Native Infantry, named Deen Mahomed, last night in the camp bazaar. He surrendered to Adjutant Hughes, of the 22nd, the same night. Two other sepoys of the 22nd cut a woman's nose off. All three men were handed over to the Cantonment Magistrate for trial.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE STATE OF IRELAND.

CABINET COUNCIL SUMMONED.

LONDON, Dec. 13.

A Cabinet Council has unexpectedly been summoned to meet to-day.

Mr. Forster (Chief Secretary for Ireland) is insisting on the adoption of coercive measures in Ireland.

EXPECTED MEETING OF PARLIAMENT.

In consequence of the state of affairs in Ireland it is expected that Parliament will be immediately summoned for the despatch of business.

GENERAL SIR F. ROBERTS.

The degree of Doctor of Laws has been conferred on General Sir F. Roberts by the Dublin University.

AGITATION AMONG THE BOERS.

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Latest advices from Capetown state that the rebellion among the Boers, which has hitherto been confined to the Pocheftroom section, now threatens to become general among them.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 12.

The *Golos*, in a leading article to-day, demands that the Russian Government should despatch an *ultimatum* to China respecting the Kuldja question.

SUIT AGAINST M. GAMBETTA AS PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH CHAMBERS.

PARIS, Dec. 12.

M. Baudry d'Asson, a Legitimist member of the Chamber of Deputies, who was deprived of his seat for a fortnight for calling the Ministry a "Government of picklocks" and bodily removed from the Chamber by the soldiers on presenting himself and refusing to withdraw, has instituted legal proceedings against M. Gambetta, the President of the chambers, on the ground of illegal arrest.

THE KURDISH INSURRECTION.

TEHERAN, Dec. 12.

The Kurdish town of Uchni has been destroyed by the Persian troops and its inhabitants massacred.

DEFEAT OF THE KURDS.

An action has been fought between the Persian troops and 12,000 Kurds under Abdul Kader (son of Sheik Obeidullah) at Mergawar, in which the latter were defeated.

OBITUARY.

PARIS, Dec. 12.

The death of Madame Thiers is announced.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 11.

The Hall Line steamer Branksome Hall arrived from Bombay this morning.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 11.

The Anchor Line steamer Olympia left here for Bombay this evening.

ADEN, Dec. 13.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Merkara, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats firm.

Fair Dhollera	5¾d.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	82
4½ do. do.	89¾
3 per cent. Consols for account	99
5 do. French Rente, 1872	119¼
Bar Silver	51 15-16d.

Departures—Halo and Teviot.

STEAMER REPORT.

MADRAS, Dec. 13, 10-34 a.m.

I. G. troopship Tenessarim, in tow with the Czarewitch, from Bombay, in sight.

LORD ABERCROMBIE, who arrived in Bombay by yesterday's mail-steamer, is a guest at Government House, Parell.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR, at the meeting of the Legislative Council yesterday, the first that has been held since the death of the late Hon. Morarjee Goculdass, referred to that event, and spoke of Mr. Morarjee as a most respected colleague, for whom he had learned to entertain the highest respect, and whose death was a great loss both to that Council and to the country.

THE proceedings of the Legislative Council yesterday were of a very formal character. The Hon. Mr. Ravenscroft introduced a Bill to abolish the provisions of the Cotton Frauds Act providing for buying fees and for the maintenance of a separate department, in accordance with the instructions from the Secretary of State, which were really carried into effect in June last. The Bill was formally read a third time, and referred to a select committee, on which the Hon. James Graham declined to serve, on the ground of his strong objection to the whole principle of cotton frauds legislation. Another formal piece of business was the passing of a Bill to amend Bombay Act II of 1874, by abolishing the fund called "The Civil Jail Fund," in accordance with the instructions of the Government of India, that no transactions are to be excluded from the general accounts and estimates of revenue and expenditure, and that no local fund account is to be allowed except on grounds of absolute necessity. This measure was read a first, second, and third time, and passed. The Close Season and Fish Preservation Bill was the next measure before the Council ; but nothing was done in this matter, beyond formally adopting the amendments agreed to at the last meeting at Poona. The final reading will be proposed at the next meeting, to be held, probably, some time in January, after H. E. the Governor's Kathiawar tour.

THE Rv. Hon. W. P. Adam, Governor Designate of Madras, who arrived with his son by the mail-steamer yesterday forenoon, is staying at Government House, Parell, and will leave for Madras in a day or two. Four members of the staff of His Excellency the Governor proceeded from Apollo Bunder on board the mail-steamer as a deputation to meet the Hon. gentleman ; and having returned with him in a Government launch to the bunder, escorted him to Government House in one of Sir James Fergusson's carriages, which was followed by sowars of the body-guard. A salute of seventeen guns was fired from the Bunder Battery on the occasion of Mr. Adam's landing. A press an appointment upon him one of these days.

WINTER had set in with much severity throughout England the week the mail left. In London the frost was sufficient to cover the ornamental waters in the parks with a coating of ice about half an inch thick. In Hyde Park and St. James's Park on Monday policemen were stationed to keep boys off the ice. In the midland and northern counties skating was very general, and snow lay thick upon the ground. Hunting was suspended, and in many places out-door work was stopped. In the northernmost English counties and in Scotland the weather was severe, and had in places drifted to a great depth. Traffic on many of the Scotch railways was only maintained by the continuous use of snow-ploughs. The opening of the skating season, as usual, has been marked by several fatal ice accidents.

LORD LYTTON, in replying to a minute of the committee of the Edinburgh Conservative Working Men's Association expressing their high appreciation of the services rendered by his family and himself to the nation, said :—" Of any services that it may have been in my power to render to the nation I could not possibly desire a recognition more gratifying to myself than one which associates them with those of my father and uncle, from whom I learned to regard the moral, intellectual, and political greatness of our country as the highest object of personal effort ; and I beg to assure your association that I appreciate all the more warmly its approval of my Indian administration and policy because of the personal efforts which have been made to mislead the opinion of my countrymen as to the character of my own efforts while in India to contribute to this great object."

THE death of Chief Justice Cockburn was very sudden. It had been known for some time that he was in a dangerous state of health, but on the evening of his death he had seemed to be unusually well, and was in unusually good spirits. He had been talking and laughing both at and after dinner, and was undressing to go to bed, when he suddenly called for help ; and in a few moments became insensible and was no more. Lord Chief Justice Cockburn, says the *World*, retained to the last his happy power for repartee. In reply to a remark made by someone only last week as to Ireland being a "God-forsaken country," Sir Alexander immediately retorted, "It is not at present so much a 'God-forsaken' as a 'Government-forsaken' country."

IT is needless to say that "Endymion" furnishes, ample food for gossip, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*. In circles "likely to be misinformed," as Sidney Smith says, you hear how many thousand pounds the illustrious author has received for his novel—half as much, they say, as Macaulay's famous cheque—and exactly, also, what the author is going to do with the money. What is more certain is that so many thousand copies of a novel at such a price have never been taken in one day by the circulating libraries and the trade before in the history of novels. Another and more inexhaustible subject of talk is the invention of a key for the characters. Some of them are unmistakable. Endymion can only be the author ; Prince Florestan, the late Emperor of the French ; Count Ferroll, Prince Bismarck ; and Mr. Waldershare, George Smyth, Mr. Jorrocks, Mr. Comeley, Mr. Jawett, are less certainly recognizable ; and the ingenuity of the gossips has as yet failed to fit the cap of Mr. St. Barbe on any known novelist.

AN agricultural show and cattle fair will be held in the Wadhwan civil station on the 10th, 11th, and 12th February next. A similar show was held in 1872 and 1873 by Major Nutt, Assistant Political Agent in Kathiawar, and we notice its revival by that gentleman with great pleasure. Seeing the great advantages derived from such shows in England, there can be little doubt that the exhibition at Wadhwan will have a beneficial effect upon the agricultural community of the district.

THE annual distribution of prizes at the Scottish Orphanage took place yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large number of visitors. H. E. Sir James Fergusson presided, and after a very satisfactory report had been read by Mr. Spencer, delivered a brief and appropriate address, in the course of which he expressed his sympathy with the aims and objects of the institution, and spoke some cheering words to the pupils. The prizes having been distributed, there were some really excellent singing and recitations, and a pleasant and highly successful meeting was brought to a close. Owing to the pressure upon our space, we are compelled to hold over a full report of the proceedings.

IT is stated from Peshawur that Captain Young, 30th N. I., has been appointed Assistant Quartermaster General of the Khyber Brigade, in the room of the late Captain Carthew.

THE *Deccan Herald* informs us "on very reliable authority that Miss Cunningham, of the Poona Ritualist Mission House, has embraced the Roman Catholic faith, and has entered the Poona Convent under the religious name of Sister Beatrice. Miss Cunningham is a relative of the Earl of Southerland.".

THE following is a comparative statement of the balances held in cash in the civil treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of Government in the presidency banks and their branches on the last day of November this and the two preceding years :—1878, Rs. 9,86,26,000 ; 1879, Rs. 11,57,39,000 ; 1880, Rs. 9,09,63,000.

THE Lahore paper in its issue of Wednesday, December 8th, stated that it was probable that, unless more engines were provided by Government for the Punjab Northern State Railway, the line would, in the course of a few months, be shut from want of locomotive power. On the very day the assertion received confirmation from an order issued to the servants of the company to refuse to book any goods for and from stations between Lahore and Rawul Pindi, and unless the S. P. and D. Railway were able to lend locomotives to the new line, "foreign" goods traffic would also be suspended, *i. e.*, goods booked for stations on the Punjab Northern State Railway from other lines would be kept at Lahore. "As soon as this is the case a large demurrage bill for wagons from other lines at once begins to accumulate, and for this—the *bête noir* of General Trevor and other high officials—the Government, through the Deputy Secretary, must be held responsible. Officials cannot create steam power they can only inform Government of probable requirements ; and if the authorities will not take steps beforehand to meet those requirements, they, and they only, are to blame for the block of traffic which must inevitably occur."

IT is reported that six vessels of the Russian fleet now in the Chinese waters will winter at Hong-Kong.

Life regrets to hear that Lord Lytton has been unwell for some little time, but latest accounts represent him as somewhat better.

THE *Army and Navy Gazette* asserts that General Lord Napier of Magdala, G.C.B., has forwarded to the War Office a most able and exhaustive paper on the advisability of the retention of Kandahar.

MR. W. P. ADAM, the new Governor of the Presidency of Madras, arrived at Windsor Castle on the evening of the 25th ultimo and dined with the Queen, Princess Beatrice, General Roberts, and others. Mr. Adam received the honour of knighthood from her Majesty.

THE *World* thinks the Martini-Henry rifles in the possession of the Kurds are easily accounted for as a liberal supply was dealt out by the English friends of Turkey to both the Lazes and Kurds to enable them to resist the surrender of Batoum to Russia after the treaty of Berlin. A recent M.P. is reported to have spent 14,000*l.* in arming the Turks and their barbarous allies, the Kurds, and the Rhodope insurgents.

AN attempt has been made to throw the Brussels Continental express off the line between Paddock Wood and Tunbridge Wells stations, on the South-Eastern Railway. A sleeper was placed across the metals, but was caught by the guardirons of the engine, and so prevented an accident. The train pulled up, and the obstruction was removed. This is the second unsuccessful attempt to wreck an up-Continental train between the two stations in nine days.

Truth says the retention of the troops in Afghanistan, which led to the disaster of Maiwand, was due to the protests of the Court against their immediate withdrawal, and now efforts are being made in the same quarter to prevent the evacuation of Kandahar. Should these continue, it will become necessary to define more clearly the position of the responsible Ministers of her Majesty, for it is obvious that they cannot accept the responsibility of a policy which is forced upon them by influences which ought to have ceased with the collapse of the Beaconsfield Imperialism.

A SOCIETY paper tells the following story :—Mr. Forster has had experience of the Palace of Truth. Lunching at a well-known dining-room in Dublin the other day, he found himself playing involuntarily the *rôle* of Haroun al Raschid. At the same table was an outspoken young gentleman, whose advances towards conversation were not declined by the Irish Secretary. In a short time the conversation turned, as all conversations now turn, on the state of anarchy in which the west and south of Ireland is plunged ; and the opening remarks of the young gentleman were so truly liberal that Mr. Forster felt they had met on common ground. This opinion was, however, somewhat modified when his companion, warming with the subject, said, "Some reform in land tenure will certainly be necessary when the country becomes settled ; but no wonder it is in such a state when we are governed by that d—d old fool, Buckshot Forster." Mr. Forster inquired at the bar for the name of his *vis-à-vis*, and will probably press an appointment upon him one of these days.

A *Standard* telegram from Berlin says :—As the Czar is about to leave Livadia for St. Petersburg, hundreds of menacing letters are daily received by members of the Imperial family and other distinguished personages, threatening murder on the road. As on former occasions, the entire line of rail will be watched by soldiers and peasants, and lighted up by torches at night. There will be servant trains on parallel lines, the one carrying the Emperor being unknown ; and Count Melikoff will himself go from the capital to the Crimea to return with his Sovereign, and himself incur the dangers which it is his duty to avert. Another Berlin telegram says that "persons who are qualified to judge" consider the reports current respecting the illness of the Emperor of Russia to be perfectly accurate. The Czar, it is said, is anxious for the speedy publication in an official form of his union with the Princess Dolgorouki, and Count Loris Melikoff has for some time past been endeavouring, though without success, to procure the assent of the Czarewitch and the other members of the Imperial family to the official announcement of his Majesty's marriage.

THE *Army and Navy Gazette* is inclined to think that the defects and the merits of the Bombay Army are alike exaggerated, and that under good leadership, even if the Bombay troops were really as bad as their detractors say they are, they would dispose of an Afghan enemy in the open with considerable ease. As yet there has been little or nothing said on Major-General Burrows's side of the question with respect to the action at Kushk-i-Nakhud, but none of the criticisms we have read seem to have taken into account the difficulties of that officer, once Ayoub Khan had come within striking distance. Burrows had orders not to cross the Helmund. He had also orders to cover Ghuznee. How was he to effect that object ? Had he retreated after the mutiny and flight of the Wali's troops, all India—and England—would have rung with reproaches against a general who had evinced a spirit which would have petrified Clive, Napier, or Havelock with astonishment and disgust. We are not now concerned so much with the merits of General Burrows's conduct of the action as we are in asking for a fair field for his defence, if he has one ; but we may remark that the actual tactical disposition which he made does not appear to us to have been so very bad as some critics say it was. It had, at events, the merit of affording perfect cover to the infantry, whose loss was quite insignificant till the *mêlée* began ; and as to its being outflanked, we can only say we are not aware of any tactical disposition which would have prevented 20,000 men from outflanking a force of little more than 2,000. It may be that the days of Plassey and Meanee are gone for ever, but there will certainly be more need of caution and skilful handling on the part of British officers when they are opposed to forces ten times as numerous as those under their orders than there was wont to be. The praises bestowed on Roberts and Steward, and on their men, by Lord Ripon, was well won ; but surely nobler soldiers never fought than the men of the 66th Regiment, of the Sappers, and of their fellows who fell at the disastrous battle of Kushk-i-Nakhud.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, 24th King's Own, Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.
Band, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, Gymkhana, this evening.
Apollo Gardens, 6 p.m.
Temple Bar Concert, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Hazara (s), from Moulmein ; Mary P. Ketchen, Sunderland ; Ravenna (s), Southampton.

VESSELS SAILED—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—I.G.S. Dalhousie, to Kurrachee ; Sirdana (s), Calcutta.

MUSIC AT THE GYMKHANA.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Gymkhana this evening :—

March	Garibaldi	J. Schmuck.
Overture	Les Chaperons Blancs	Auber.
Morceaux	Obligato pour cornet-a-piston	Suppe.
Valse	Immortelles	Gung'l.
Quadrille	Les Amazones Volontaires	Arban.
Galop	Politichniker	Kuhner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The band of the 2-4th King's Own Regiment will play the following programme of music at the Esplanade bandstand at 5-45 this evening :—

Overture	King Stephen	Beethoven.
Duet	Attillia	Verdi.
Valse	Frieden Palmer	Bela Kella.
Grand Selection	Maritani	Wallace.
Valse	Manolo	Waldteufel.
Galop	Ohne rest ohne run	Doffler.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The Hampshire entered the dock on Sunday.

STREET ACCIDENT.—Ameenabhai Kurrimjee, a Mussulman female, while going along Shaik Abdool Rahman Street, was knocked down and run over by a country cart, which fractured her right thigh and left arm. She was conveyed to the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital, where she is under treatment.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 11th instant :—horse, 1 lame ; bullocks, 12 lame, 13 sore neck, 1 unshod, and 1 emaciated. Total number of cases, 24 ; amount of fines, Rs. 33.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Messrs. Vuccino & Co., photographers, have recently introduced into Bombay a new style of portraiture, by which one's "counterfeit presentment" is produced life-size in canvas. Some excellent portraits which have already been taken in this style may be seen at Messrs. Vuccino and Co.'s studio in Meadow Street.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held on Sunday last at the European General Hospital on view of the body of William Kayes, aged 27 years. Deceased was a fireman on board the s. s. Bengal, and it appears at about 4 a. m. on that day, while moving about the deck of the steamship "Strathleven" in a state of intoxication, he accidentally fell through one of the hatches into the hold and was so seriously injured that he died on the way to the hospital. The verdict was that "the death of William Kayes was caused by fracture of the skull, the result of an accidental fall into the hold of a ship."

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AT THE LOWER MAHIM SCHOOLS.—On the forenoon of Sunday last an entertainment was provided for the friends and supporters of the St. John's School (for the boys), the Sacred Heart of Jesus and Mary (for the girls), and the St. Lucius Society (Philharmonic) established at Lower Mahim, the Rev. Fr. H. Daling, S. J., presiding. The space in front of the Roman Catholic Church was utilised for the occasion, and the marque erected on it was decorated on every side. A musical and dramatic performance preceded the distribution of prizes. After the reading of the reports by the Secretary, Mr. DeAbreo, and the distribution of prizes, a few words of advice to parents and boys were given by the chairman, and by the founder of the school of the Sacred Heart of Jesus and Mary. The meeting was terminated by the excellent band of St. Lucius playing the National Anthem.

THEFT IN BAKE HOUSE LANE.—Early on Saturday morning last a man named Doolajee Dhondoo entered a room on the first floor of a house in Bake House Lane, Fort, and carried off a large box containing wearing apparel and cash, belonging to Soma Dama. A native from the opposite house, suspecting something wrong, followed Doolajee until he came to a policeman, and then gave him in charge, when it was discovered that he had stolen the property, and was making away with it. Upon enquiry it was further discovered that the same prisoner, on the previous morning, entered a room on the ground-floor of a house in the same locality, and in a similar manner stole a canvas bag containing a few articles of clothing, valued at Rs. 6-8-0, belonging to Shaik Sudjan Mudder. The prisoner, it appears, has been convicted on several occasions of theft. He is detained in police custody for further enquiries.

THE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I quite agree with your correspondent "One interested" about the logic-paper set in this examination. How can a student who has not studied even for complete ten months in the college be able to solve the whole of that tremendous paper ? Certainly it frightens me even to cast a glance on that paper. But, Sir, what on earth suggested to the examiners in physics to put such a question as—"describe the construction and use of an air-thermometer ?" I ask the examiners whether they can point me out any passage describing such a sort of thermometer in Balford Stuart, the text-book recommended by the University.

Dec. 13. VERITAS.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 12th December, 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	30·005
Temperature of the Air	76·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69·1
Dew Point	65·5
Relative humidity of Air	693
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 1.)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	81·9
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	69·5
General Direction of Wind	NE, NNE, NE, ENE, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	230.

*From midnight to midnight.

VOLUNTEER SHOOTING.

SOME of the Bombay Volunteers shot for the Simla prizes yesterday morning on the Coorla range, when Lieutenant Whitehead, D Company, B. V. R., put in a 51 out of the possible 56,—namely, 200 yards (standing) 24, and 500 yards (any position) 27=51. The next best score was made by Colour Sergeant Melvin, who totalled 46—the fine score of 25 at 200 yards, but only 21 at 500 yards. Lieutenant Whitehead, under the same conditions, at practice on Saturday scored 52—25 and 27—but unfortunately that can't count.

There has been some fair shooting in the Volunteer class-firing so far as it has gone, in spite of the change of position, the regulations requiring that all class-firing at the long ranges this year should be done in the front position. The majority of the good shots amongst the Volunteers had previously practised only the back position, and it was thought the change would pull down the totals very considerably. Lieutenant Whitehead, D Company, and Private Warne, B Company, both formerly back position men, have, however, managed to make the respectable figures of 183 and 179 respectively. These are the highest totals yet made, we believe, but there is a good average of marksmen amongst the men who have gone through their course.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

THE following programme of the movements of the I. G. steamer Tenasserim, towing the sailing ship Czarwitch, from the 3rd December, 1880, to the 18th March, 1881, is published for general information. Further notice will be issued regarding the transport of the 1-2 E. Company Sappers and Miners, the 11th, 22nd, 23rd, and 41st Regiments N. I., and the wing of the 19th Regiment N. I. :—

The Indian Government steamer Tenasserim, towing the sailing ship Czarwitch, which left Bombay on the 3rd inst. for Madras, will convey the 77th Regiment from Madras on the 16th inst. for Rangoon, where they will arrive on the 23rd, leaving Rangoon on the 29th with the 89th Regiment for Vingorla, where they will arrive on the 10th January, 1881. The 89th will proceed from Vingorla by marching route for Belgaum to relieve the 83rd. The transport will leave Vingorla on the 16th January with the 83rd Regiment for Bombay, where they will arrive on the 18th January. They will then convey from Bombay the 4th Battery 9th Brigade R.A., sailing on the 23rd January for Madras, where they will embark the 2nd Madras N. I., and will proceed to Rangoon, where they will arrive on the 2nd February. They will again leave Rangoon on the 16th February with the 11th Battery 8th Brigade and 33rd Madras N. I. for Madras ; and, after disembarking the regiments there, they will take a wing of the 12th Madras N. I. for Calcutta, and sailing on the 12th March, arrive at the latter port on the 13th March, returning to False Point on the 18th March to take the other wing of the same regiment to Calcutta, where they will arrive on the 19th March.

THE MOHURRUM.

THE immersion of the taboots at Carnac Bunder yesterday brought this festival to a close. The dividpartisans of Hassan and Hossein will once more, forgetful of religious animosities, bury the tomahawk for a twelvemonth, and when the season comes round again raise their slumbering fanaticism with the aid of country-liquor and potent drugs, and "go for" each other—if opportunity offers. Last evening the immediate vicinity of the Crawford Market and the road running over Carnac Bridge were literally thronged with the native population of Bombay. A bird's-eye view shewed one closely-packed mass of turbans and other headgear. Every house-top in the neighbourhood was crowded, as also was every parapet or ledge which could afford standing or sitting room. The different processions came along in almost an uninterrupted stream, one taboot with its followers succeeding another in quick order. Altogether there were licenses issued for the construction of 166 taboot and 743 punjahs. A Division, which includes Colaba, Fort, the Esplanade, and Boree Bunder, was represented by 7 taboots and 15 punjahs ; B. Division, which includes a portion of Dhobie Talao, Withalwady Mombadavie, Chuckla, Mandavie, and Musjed Bunder, up to Oomercarry, turned out 55 taboots and 135 punjahs ; C. Division, comprising a portion of Dhobie Talao, Back Bay, Bholeswar, Pareswally, Khara Talao, up to Girgaum, produced 59 taboots and 224 punjahs ; E. Division, composed of Camateepoora, Mazagon, Byculla, Chinchpoogly, Parell and Sewree, sent out 35 taboots and 350 punjahs ; and F. Division, including Dadur, Sion, Mattoonga, and Mahim, 10 taboots and 13 punjahs. The several processions commenced soon after noon yesterday, passing through the Parell and Kalbadevi roads up to the Bible Depositary, and turning off thence towards the Esplanade Cross-road on to the Carnac Bunder overbridge and further on to the seashore at Coolywada, where the taboots were immersed. In the way of riot and tumult the celebration of the festival was specially bare this year, thanks to a watchful police and a law-abiding community. As a precautionary measure the Commissioner had ordered that all native-liquor shops should be closed throughout the Mohurrum ; but the appearance of many of those who formed part of the procession last evening, it was too evident that this prohibition had been anticipated and guarded against. To attempt anything like a just description of the Mohurrum procession is impossible. The sight is one that no European Indian town, however small or remote. Men smeared from head to foot with yellow paint, to represent impossible tigers, gambolled and curvetted and pirouetted with an agility which is wholly foreign to the movements of the reality. Others fantastically dressed carried branches of poles in their hands, loudly invoking Hassan and Hossein, and frantically smiting their chests utterly regardless of personal inconvenience. Every part of the ceremony, of course, revealed to the initiated a religious significance, but the stranger would behold these with bewilderment, and probably say like Dominie Sampson, Pro-di-gious ! The taboots, many of them, were in their way picturesque and remarkable.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE Council met at the New Secretariat, Bombay, yesterday at noon, when there were present :—His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir James Fergusson, Bart., K. C. M. G., C. I. E., Governor of Bombay, presiding, His Excellency the Honourable Lieutenant-General Henry James Warre, C. B., the Honourable L. R. Ashburner, C. S. I., the Honourable E. W. Ravenscroft, C.S.I., the Honourable the Advocate General, the Honourable Colonel W. C. Anderson, the Honourable Colonel C. J. Merriman, C.S.I., R.E., the Honourable Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., the Honourable James N. Graham, the Honourable Solomon David Sassoon, the Honourable Rao Bahadoor Gopalrao Hari Deshmukh, and the Honourable Rao Saheb Vishvanath Narayen Mandlik, C.S.I.

THE LATE HON. MORARJEE GOCULDASS.

H. E. the President mentioned the fact that this was the first meeting of the Council since the death of their respected colleague, Mr. Morarjee Goculdass, for whom he had learned to entertain the highest respect. Mr. Morarjee's death was a great loss both to that Council and to the country. One of the new clauses which they would be asked to pass for addition to the Cotton Frauds Prevention Bill was inserted by the hon'ble mover at Mr. Morarjee's suggestion : he was anxious that there should be provisions to prevent the feelings of the people being annoyed by the passing of unauthorised persons in waters they deemed sacred.

THE COTTON FRAUDS ACT.

The Hon. Mr. Ravenscroft moved the first reading of Bill No. 3 of 1880—a Bill to amend the law for the prevention of adulteration of cotton and for the suppression of fraudulent practices in the cotton trade. The hon. gentleman said this was a very formal measure, rendered necessary by directions which had been received from the Secretary of State. At the commencement of the present year the Secretary of State for India came to the conclusion that it was unnecessary to continue the whole proceedings thereto fore adopted for preventing adulteration and fraud in the cotton trade, and directed that those portions of the Act which provided for the levy of fees and the maintenance of a special establishment should be done away with. In accordance with such instructions orders were issued, and from the 1st of June no fees have been collected, and the establishment which up to that date had been maintained was then dispensed with. But when the Secretary of State gave those orders he said that he desired that the rules of the Bombay Cross road on to the Carnac Bunder overbridge and further were immersed. In the way of riot and tumult the celebration of the festival was specially bare this year, thanks to a watchful police and a law-abiding community. As a precautionary measure the Commissioner had ordered that all native-liquor shops should be closed throughout the Mohurrum ; but the appearance of many of those who formed part of the procession last evening, it was too evident that this prohibition had been anticipated and guarded against. To attempt anything like a just description of the Mohurrum procession is impossible. The sight is one that no European Indian town, however small or remote. Men smeared from head to foot with yellow paint, to represent impossible tigers, gambolled and curvetted and pirouetted with an agility which is wholly foreign to the movements of the reality. Others fantastically dressed carried branches of poles in their hands, loudly invoking Hassan and Hossein, and frantically smiting their chests utterly regardless of personal inconvenience. Every part of the ceremony, of course, revealed to the initiated a religious significance, but the stranger would behold these with bewilderment, and probably say like Dominie Sampson, Pro-di-gious ! The taboots, many of them, were in their way picturesque and remarkable.

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Mr. Ravenscroft, the Hon. Mr. Sassoon, the Hon. Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, and the Hon. Mr. Marriott, with instructions to report by the 1st January.

THE CIVIL JAIL FUND.

The Hon. Mr. Ashburner moved the first re

Mazura heights, but no news has been received of his actually having done so. There is, however, a report of a skirmish between the Turks and Albanians, and as it was only on the Mazura heights that the latter were in force, and as the scattered Albanian detachments probably fell back to the same place before the superior Turkish forces, the skirmish, if there has been one at all, was probably fought for the possession of the Mazura heights. In view of the irritation among the Albanians, which might have tempted them to make some raid on the line of communication between Dulcigno and the Bojana, Dervish Pasha could scarcely have turned aside in his advance. If, therefore, he has not actually dislodged the Albanians from their position, he must at least have taken measures to keep them in check, and consequently he must be in a better position to meet the Montenegrin demand for a military surrender of the country than Riza Pasha ever was. It is to be hoped that the Montenegrins will not now come forward with exaggerated claims. Dervish Pasha may, indeed, be expected to guarantee to the Montenegrins a quiet military occupation, not only of Dulcigno itself, but also of some of the most important positions in the country and on the Bojana, but he can scarcely be expected to clear the country completely of the Albanians and to insure the Montenegrins against all trouble from their new subjects in the future. At any rate, the Montenegrins cannot count on any demands of that sort receiving much countenance from the Powers. The Powers will, of course, insist on the Montenegrins being fairly dealt with, and on every facility being afforded them for occupying both the town and the district, but they must be prepared to hold the territory by their own strength.

The *Morning Post* hopes that the occupation of Dulcigno will be the termination of the one-sided policy which has been too long pursued against the Porte and the populations remaining loyal to their obedience to the Sultan. The pressure which has been put upon the Turkish Government in order to aggrandise an outpost of Russia will stand out in impartial history among the least creditable occurrences of the century. The Liberal politicians in particular, who have been mainly responsible for the scandal, already know that they stand convicted at the bar of public opinion of falsehood to all their most cherished or best advertised principles of nationality, religious freedom, and race equality from the moment that they showed themselves almost prepared to excite a general war in order to impose the Montenegrin yoke upon a few thousands of Mohammedan patriots in the most Albanian district of Albania. There are not many persons, we are confident, who do not sympathise with Dervish Pasha and his faithful Nizams in the painful duty which has been thrust upon him. The Sultan has shown that he was determined to keep his word to the European concert, no matter at what cost to feelings which ought to be shared by every man of every nationality, and the last doubt which unscrupulous partisans would still be willing to cast upon the good faith of Abdul Hamid must now be dissipated before the testimony of fact.

The *Times* says that in spite of Turkish delays and subterfuges, the object of months of patient diplomacy has been secured at last. What the Porte has gained by the delay it is difficult to see. It has made Europe look ridiculous for a time, and it has furnished Opposition speakers in this country with material for smart criticism of the Government. But beyond this it has secured no substantial advantage. The Sultan has had to do at last what if he had been more ready to consult his own dignity and the real interests of his Empire, he had better have done at the outset. He has furnished the Powers with a convincing proof that pressure will do what negotiation fails to effect, and he will have himself to thank if the lesson is turned to account in the future. The publication of the French *Livre Jaune* occurs opportunely to illustrate the whole history of the international incident of which we are now, we may hope, speedily to witness the end. We measure now in a position to appreciate the difficulties which the diplomacy, not merely of this country, but of Europe at large, has had to encounter in its dealings with the Porte. The action of this country, so much derided in some quarters as prompted by waywardness and Quixotic impulses, now falls into its proper place in relation to that of the other Powers. The Porte may defy the will of Europe, but it cannot withstand the march of events. England desires nothing better than to act in concert with Europe. But she is not accustomed to subordinate her policy entirely to that of other Powers, nor is she at all likely to allow herself to be flouted by the Porte. The European concert has now secured one of its ends. Even if it should shrink from pursuing its purpose to accomplish the end, England will not abandon the object she has set before herself of securing the welfare and good government of the East.

THE BASUTO WAR.

A *Times'* telegram from Cape Town, under date Nov. 19th, states that Brigadier-General Clark was on the eastern frontier organising additional forces, and marching to the front. Colonel Carrington meanwhile commanding the relief column in Basutoland, Colonel Brabant the camp at Mafeteng, and Colonel Bayly the force at Maseru. Major Bell reports that the rebels attacked Leribe on the 9th, and swept off some police and loyal natives' cattle. Captain Stanton, occupying the police barracks, drove the enemy out with a loss of 17 killed and 30 horses captured. Our casualties were M'Mullen and Jolly and one of the Basuto police wounded. Dr. Taylor's and Mr. Jervis's houses were looted. The rebels afterwards attacked and took the mountain which Chief Jonathan tried to hold, his people, except about 80, deserting him. He lost cattle and other property. Colonel Carrington, with 1,400 men and three guns, patrolling from Mafeteng on the 13th, engaged the rebel force near Cole. The enemy, 5,000 strong, made three furious charges simultaneously on the right, left flank, and front of column. The Yeomanry, the Cape Mounted Rifles, and their supports, with the assistance of shells and fire from the reserve, routed them at each charge. The rebels retired, galloping to the rocky ledges of Colo, where they kept up a musketry fire; but nothing would again draw them out. Some charged to within 25 yards of the guns, 12 bodies being found within that distance. They suffered heavily, leaving the horses and saddles of the killed. A large commando was observed going home. Casualties:—Yeomanry—D. R. Cockin and Arthur Colling, killed; Gideon Vankyl and R. Cox, missing; Solomon Yeomanry, and Keetmulder, Duke of Edinburgh's Own Volunteer Rifles, wounded. There has been fighting with rebel Tambookies near the Fingo border. Commandant Van Linsingen, C.M.G., his son, and three of Handrey's Horse were killed, as also was W. Blackway, of the Fingo Militia. Commandant Van Linsingen was conspicuous for his bravery. In the last war he had another son killed. The rebel chief Stockwe, it is reported, has died of his wounds. Gangeliawe and the Tambookies have determined to assist the Government against the rebels. A force from Umtata has engaged the Pondomise, killing 50 men. Umhlonhlo is hard pressed on the Pondo side. The particulars of Hope's massacre reveal shocking treachery on the part of Umhlonhlo. Messrs. Usher and Martin, traders, and Thomson, a bricklayer, have also been murdered by the Pondomise. The Rev. Mr. Davis asked permission to bury the bodies, but Umhlonhlo refused, saying that the birds of the air must eat their corpses. The Natal Legislative Council has voted sympathy with Cape Colony, offering assistance from its local resources, if needed. There is a general desire to suppress the rebellion without asking for the assistance of a single Imperial soldier. The total number of European and native forces in the field and being raised is over 12,000.

The following telegram has been received from the Premier at the Cape, dated Cape Town, November 20:—"Last week Colonel Carrington, patrolling with nearly 1,500 men, was attacked by some 5,000 rebels, who made three furious charges, coming to within a few yards, which were repulsed, casualties, Colonial forces, four killed, two wounded. Rebel loss estimated at 300. In Leribe district most of Molapaun's tribe in rebellion, but the chief is with magistrate. Masern and Mafeteng quiet. In Transkei, Gangeliwe and bulk of his tribe still adhere to Government; but some minor Tembu chiefs, with their following, in rebellion. Pondos quiet. Fingoes steadfast. Spirits and resources of the colony apparently equal to the work of suppressing the rebellion, and the Colonial Government has no intention of applying for Imperial troops."

THE INTERNATIONAL REGATTA.

If the international regatta, which terminated on Saturday last, did not afford absolute proof of the deterioration that has taken place in English sculling, it at any rate went a long way towards establishing that such is the fact. Neither Higgins nor Boyd entered, it is true, but those of our countrymen who did put in an appearance were so handsomely beaten as to show that our available best is at this moment but very moderate. No fewer than fourteen men went to the post, some of whom might as well have stayed there for all the good they did afterwards. Australia was represented by Trickett and the hardworking Laycock; Wallace, Ross, Riley, Hosmer, and Warren Smith are Americans; while Hawdon, Elliot, Feeley, and Nicholson hail from the north of England; and Largan, Anderson, H. Clasper, and Tarryer from the south.

Hanlan had entered while he was only champion of England and America; but, having since vanquished the world in the person of Trickett, and wrested the supremacy in fresh water from disappointing performer, he adopted the only dignified course open to him, and declined to row. Hanlan's absence of course left the final heat a more open question, and thereby added to the excitement of the concluding day. On looking over the card one could not help remarking that the ruck were not likely to be much indebted to chance for winning a prize, as matters had been so arranged that the four men with the best reputations had been put one in each heat, while the second and third class men were separated in like manner. This plan was admirably adapted to ensuring the final heat being confined to the stars, and to affording the most exciting spectacle to the onlookers; but, at the same time, it sealed the fate of two in each heat, and produced almost the same effect as though all the entries had been refused save the four best. In this particular instance the plan answered well enough, but, unless it is specified at the outset that the competitors will not be drawn at haphazard, it is a precedent that we should not like to see generally adopted. Fancy the eights engaged in the Grand Challenge Cup at Henley being arranged instead of drawn! The final heat on Saturday last resulted in one of the most exciting races ever witnessed—Hosmer, Ross, Laycock, and Smith being the four who had survived the ordeals of the two previous days. Ross sculled at such a slow stroke, and appeared to be taking matters so easily, that the majority of the onlookers thought the race as good as over at Chiswick, where Ross held a lead of a trifle over two lengths; Laycock, however, now began to come up, and in passing Ross their sculls touched, just as the men were entering the Horse Reach. After this *contretemps* the Australian went away and won as he liked, thus securing £300, the amount of the first prize. Ross obtained the second, of £200; Hosmer the third, of £100; and Smith, who finished a quarter of an hour behind the rest, received £60 for his trouble, not a penny of the £1,000 falling to any native sculler. The foul between Ross and the winner had not the slightest influence over the result of the race; and Mr. Ireland, the umpire, being of this opinion, declined to disqualify Laycock; indeed, it is by no means certain that he was out of his water, and therefore to blame. Laycock rowed the earlier part of the race under difficulties; he was hemmed in by Smith and Hosmer, and had not for nearly half a mile, a clear six feet between his sculls and those of his neighbours. His victory was decidedly popular, and no man is more deserving of the success that has attended him. We rather incline to the idea that Ross held the winner too cheap; but the easy way in which he seemed to take matters may be due to his wish to avoid more exertion than was absolutely necessary, for a report was in circulation that in consequence of ill-health he was half a stone below his proper weight and not so fit as his friends would have liked. Hosmer deserves more than a passing word for the plucky way he struggled to win. After a desperate race with Laycock he headed the latter about one quarter of the way up Chiswick Eyot, but a piece of bad steering soon lost him the advantage he had gained. He, however, continued to work away, and during the momentary stoppage of Laycock and Ross in consequence of their foul he was not slow to turn it to his own use, but at Barnes Bridge he was quite tired out. Ross is a neat sculler and uses his body well; in fact, he and Laycock are exponents of two styles as opposite as well could be. It is possible that Laycock may be desirous of winding up his career in England by having Hanlan for an opponent, and trying to take a part of the Canadian's titles and cups to Australia. —*Pall Mall Gazette*, Nov. 26.

LORD BEACONSFIELD'S NEW NOVEL.

The Earl of Beaconsfield's (Mr. Disraeli's) new novel "Endymion" has not been received with unmitigated approval by the London press.

The *Times* remarks that it would be useless to pretend that "Endymion" is equal to its author's earlier productions. Though it shows some of Lord Beaconsfield's strength, it shows more of his foibles. He is still lively, quickwitted, and animated. He never sinks to the common-place,—rather the contrary. But he is overfond of surprises and of introducing the unexpected in small things as in great; and weakens his sensational effects, transitions, and transformations by dealing in them somewhat too freely. He overstrains himself in the effort to heighten his contrasts, as when he depicts the little Endymion and his sister Myra as children brought in for dessert at one of their parents' grand dinner parties. There they are represented as the most haughty, spoilt, and disagreeable of precocious little mortals. Yet their evil natures must have been purified as by enchantment when exposed to the wholesome atmosphere of adversity. For afterwards their true characters are not only lofty, generous, and unselfish, but winningly consistent. So it is with sundry strangely democratical evolutions in our aristicial and highly aristocratic society, which looks jealously on *parvenus* and intruders. We can understand that Mr. Vigo, the munificent tailor, and Mr. Rodney, the factotum out of livery of the late Mr. Ferrars, might be received on great occasions in the best houses on the strength of the money they have made. But it is more remarkable that Rodney's sister-in-law, the fair Imogene, who used personally to attend to the wants of that gentleman's lodgers, should not only marry a long-descended peer, but that the *mesalliance* should be universally condoned and forgotten till the receptions of the plebeian beauty are universally regarded as the rallying-point of the great country party.

The *Whitehall Review* is perhaps the warmest admirer of the new book:—Novel-writing must be an easy trade, or we should not see such a deluge of books; but what fiction could have written "Endymion"? The society of forty years ago is so vividly portrayed that we can fancy ourselves living in Zenobia's and Berengaria's world. There is something enthralling in the story which Lord Beaconsfield tells, so that when once we have taken it up we cannot lay it down until the end is reached. However critics may differ in respect of his political wisdom, there can be no difference of opinion on the score of Lord Beaconsfield's skill as a novelist; for all humour must admit that no one could have written "Endymion" but the author who is capable of depicting the features of the great world with anything approaching his accuracy and brightness. "Endymion" is quite charming all through—there is no half-and-half gaiety; you are hurried on from dinner to dinner and reception to reception; you have only just acquired the *gout* of woodland and meadow ere you are deep in the intrigues of Mayfair and Whitehall; listening now to the *badinage* of Zenobia, Mr. Neuchatel, and Lord Roehampton; anon to the mysterious Prince Florestan, or "Count of Otranto," and presently sharing the dreams of the Outs and the desparation of the Ins. Seldom or never in what is professedly a novel do we find such lessons in politics—such wise dissertations on national events—and in language that can be understanded of the people," while no writer of fiction is so capable of sketching in broad outline the interior of a great house and the conversation of its habitants. Various in quality and multitudinous in number are the so-called "novels of society"; good as this or that of them are, how they fade into obscurity the moment they are read—how soon the puppets are put back into the box and covered up for ever! Very different is it with Lord Beaconsfield's creations living beings all of them: met to-day at White's or the Carlton, to-morrow at Hainault or in Hill Street. Endymion is a character which all must like—so simple is the lad, so gentle the man when he attains power and place. Myra, the intrepid sister, has no parallel in English fiction. Bold, resolute, daring, she sweeps climbs to a height which would make others giddy, but not her. One great element of "Endymion" must not be forgotten—its naturalness. We are not dealing with dressmakers' and tailors' models, but with realities. Let it be repeated: "Endymion" enchains the reader by its satire and knowledge of the world, and is a marvellous example of the author's virility. That any man who has been burdened with the cares of a kingdom should find time to sit down at his desk and plan and write a political-social novel is nothing less than marvellous.

The *Vanity Fair* says:—In this work thereis no plot worth mentioning; but a number of people—one might almost say an inordinate number—are shuffled about on the canvas of the Annual Register, talk politics well—too well, in fact, for reality—and twaddle too tiresomely. The love-making is of the unreal, high-flown, transcendent kind, and is enough to show that the author never was in love himself. But in is of little consequence that there is no plot. The dummies come and go and speak Beaconsfieldisms—and Beaconsfieldisms are always audacious, startling epigrammatic—sometimes also right and true. The man who called Lord Selborne "a seraphic humbug; and who said on hearing the (false) report that M. Waddington had been assassinated, "I am sorry for it, very sorry; it will make assassination ridiculous"—this man cannot well be dull; and in spite of its defects "Endymion" is not dull, for the voice is the voice of Jacob, however Esau-like are the hands of the dummies. The style is in genaral of a correctness stilted enough to make one believe that the proof-sheets had been corrected by Mr. Alfred Austin. Yet there are a number of strange inaccuracies and clumsinesses, such, for instance, as this, "Seating themselves, *she* cotinued," as though "*she*" had "seated themselves." Again, "The most popular place of resort was the barbarous conviviality of the Cider Cellar, as though conviviality could be a place. But on the whole the language is less mangled than usual and less slipshod than that of "Lothair." These are trifles however. The book will furnish a fund of amusement to those who will try to match each character in the novel with the original in real life. It is a collection of caricatures and epigrams. The caricatures are mixed and mingled after the fashion of those makers of screens who put one man's head on another man's body; and the epigrams are sometimes cumbersome; but there are the caricatures and the epigrams, and these will always amuse many under any conditions. Had it come from a young man on his promotion the book might have been called a piece of clever impertinence; coming from the Earl of Beaconsfield, K.G., it is a piece of disappointing triflings.

The following is given as a list of the principal fictitious personages in the story, and of the real personages whom they are generally named as representing:—

Lord Roehampton	.. Lord Palmerston
Prince Florestan (Colonel Alberti)	Napoleon III.
Lord Montfort	.. The late Lord Hertford
Mr. Vigo	.. Mr. Poole
The Neufchatels	.. The Rothschilds
Adriana Neufchatel	.. Lady Burdett-Coutts
Mr. Jorrocks	.. Mr. Milner Gibson
Hortensius	.. Sir W. Vernon Harcourt
Mr. Bertie Tremaine	.. Lord Houghton
Merengarde Montfort	.. Lady Waldegrave
The Earl of Beaumaris	.. The late Lord Derby
Nigel Penruddock	.. Cardinal Manning
Zenobia ("the Queen of London, of Fashion, and of the Tory Party")	.. The late Lady Jersey
Job Thornberry	.. Mr. Richard Cobden
Lord Rawchester ("Niminy-Piminy")	.. Lord Granville
Mr. Ste. Barbe	.. Sir Algernon Borthwick

But as a matter of fact there is no exact portrait in the novel at all. Lord Beaconsfield has simply sketched in here and there one feature of a man and one of another just sufficiently to attract the attention of the public and to mystify it.

The same paper also states:—Lord Beaconsfield has, I am told, received not £12,000, as has been stated, for the copyright of "Endymion," but in all £30,000. He received £16,000 for the copyright of "Lothair."

THE STATE OF IRELAND.

A BAILIFF, who had been placed as caretaker in charge of a house on a farm from which a tenant named Bourke, on the Erasmus Smith estate, in the county Limerick, had been evicted, was fired at and wounded as he was proceeding from the village of New Pallas to the farm. Since he had been put in possession the people of the locality had "Boycotted" him, by refusing to sell to him, and about a week or ten days ago he wrote to the agent explaining his miserable plight, the great difficulty he experienced in obtaining even a loaf of bread, and the constant fear he felt that the house would be burned over his head. He has been severely, but it is said not dangerously, wounded. A man has been arrested on suspicion.

New Pallas is reported to be in a very excited state. The magistrates at the Longford Petty Sessions have committed for trial a young man charged with the recent attempt to assassinate Mr. Dudgeon, a magistrate and land agent. The evidence given was to the effect that footprints were found leading from the scene of the outrage to within 150 yards of a garden in which the prisoner had a rifle, and that the boots found on the feet of the prisoner's sister corresponded with the footprints.

A farmer who took a farm from which a tenant was evicted, on the property of Mr Bourke Brown, Kilsminill, for non-payment of rent, has had his hay thrown into the river, and carried away by the flood. He has since surrendered the farm, and the former tenant has been put into possession of it.

The embittered state of feeling between tenant and landlord in county Cork was evidenced at the last meeting of the Cork Central Land League, when a resolution was come to which, if carried into effect, will practically put an end to the sport of hunting in the county. There are about sixteen packs of hounds in Cork, and it is calculated that at least £20,000 a year is spent on hounds and horses, but as the chief sportsmen of the district have made themselves conspicuous recently in demanding the enactment of coercive legislation, the Central Land League have called on the farmers of the county to poison all the covers on their lands and formally notice the hunts of the same. Instructions have been issued to this effect to all the local branches of the League. The mover of the resolution was a tenant named Heffernan, on whose farm, as he stated, the landlord, Sir George Colthurst, recently spent £70 in improving the fox covers.

At the Crown Office, Dublin, pleas of not guilty have been lodged on behalf of Mr. Parnell and his co-defendants in the State prosecutions.

The American friends of John Stephen, the old Fenian head centre, have subscribed funds to send him to Paris "to watch the progress of Irish affairs." He is not likely, however, to venture on a visit to Ireland at present.

A recent meeting at Birr was attended by Mr. T. D. Sullivan, M. P., and Mr Michael P. Boyton as a deputation from the Land League. The chair was taken by the Rev. Dr. Burler, and there were fifteen other clergymen on the platform. Mr. Sullivan counselled the people, in the event of the landlords continuing a combination similar to that which led to the digging of Captain Boycott's potatoes, to show the power of united action on their part by refusing to pay rents. A resolution was carried, calling on the Government to reclaim waste lands, and thus to give employment to the labouring classes. At a meeting held at Strabally, at which about 10,000 persons were present, and at which Mr. Lalor, M. P., and others spoke, resolutions were passed calling upon the tenants to pay no higher rents than Griffith's valuation, and not to take any farm from which a tenant had been evicted.

Mr. Michael Davitt arrived on Nov. 20 from New York. He is the bearer of presents to Mr. Parnell from his American friends, including a handsome gold ornament with a shield and crest and the freedom of the city of Chicago, with an address handsomely illuminated and framed. Mr. Davitt states that he has established branches of the Land League in nearly every important city in the States, from New York to California. Speaking at a land meeting held near Mallow, Mr. Davitt said "that nothing tended more to injure their cause with the American people than the casual acts of violence which injustice prompted some to commit in some parts of the country."

A telegram from Ballinrobe says:—"The Lough Mask campaign is at length come to an end. The special correspondents, who at one time swarmed in this town, have now either gone, or are on the eve of departure; and this morning the quiet streets of Ballinrobe were enlivened with the clatter and clash of a troop of cavalry in full retreat. Sixty men of the 19th Hussars, under the command of Captain Webster, have left for Claremorris, where they will take the train for Dublin. The weather has been too severe for the horses in the west. A large number of Captain Boycott's cattle were escorted through Ballinrobe from Lough Mask by a troop of dragoons. Their ultimate destination is Dublin, their owner despairing of ever finding a purchaser in the neighbourhood.

On Nov. 22, at midnight, the occupants of 'the Woodenbridge Hotel, Vale of Ovoca, were aroused from their slumbers by a visit from twenty-five men, who were disguised by blackened faces. Mr. George Hunter, the proprietor, in response to a man who appeared to be in command of these strange nocturnal visitors, came down stairs from his bedroom and supplied the party with drink. Adjoining the hotel is a public bar, and from this the men were each supplied with a pint of porter. The landlord was, it need scarcely be said, not a little astonished at the visit, and in answer to his inquiry as to what he might attribute the honour of the visit, he learned from the spokesman of the party that they had had a job on hand that night. They had, the speaker said, been to "Boycott" a tenant in the neighbourhood who had been in violation of the Land League rule," taken a "forbidden" farm, or one from which a tenant had been evicted. They had only, the spokesman continued, given him the preliminary warning that night, and they hoped that no further action on their part would be needed. One of the party then stepped forward and said: "Mr. Hunter, have you subscribed to the Land League?" Mr. Hunter: "Well, indeed, I have so. I sent my mite to Mr.D——," who is one of the leading men of the League. This answer appeared to satisfy the whole party, and with thanks for the "round" the men withdrew.

The operations of the Boycott relief expedition have been retarded by unfavourable weather. The civil and military authorities have given unmistakeable willingness to afford the expedition the same protection on the return march to Claremorris as was provided when the Ulster men entered the district. The authorities do not desire that the day of departure from Lough Mask should be made public. The Royal Engineer force, under Lieutenant Rice, left Ballinrobe on Nov. 25 *en route* for the Curragh, as their services at Ballinrobe were no longer necessary. It is now decided that Captain Boycott and family will leave with the expedition. Great indignation is expressed by all classes in Castlebar consequent on hearing that the Boycott police tax will be levied on Mayo. The amount for constabulary expenses to September last is £22,521 18s. 5d., about £1,000 in excess of the previous half-year.

In the Queen's Bench, Dublin, Nov. 25th, an application was made on behalf of Mr. Parnell and Mr. Egan, two defendants in the State prosecutions, for a writ of attachment against the proprietors and publishers of the Dublin *Evening Mail* for publishing letters and articles calculated to prejudice the fair trial of "The Queen against Parnell." The proceedings were adjourned to enable the publisher to prepare affidavits to meet the charge.

The Ulster men started from Lough Mask for their homes on the afternoon of the 29th Nov. Father O'Malley issued a placard entreating the men of Mayo to "permit the Orangemen and the English army to take themselves away out of their outraged country unmolested and unnoticed." Captain Boycott left with the expedition, but it is said that he has no intention of abandoning his farm. He has, it is stated, received an intimation from a London insurance company that, if he remains in Ireland, his policy of life insurance can only be renewed on his relieving the company of liability for injury by assault.

The Marquis of Waterford and the followers of the Curraghmore Fox Hounds met at a cover in the neighbourhood of Glenmore. A number of countrymen gathered round the cover and refused to allow a fox to be drawn unless a member of the hunt who was present was requested to leave the field. The result was that the marquis and the members of the hunt had to leave without having secured a run.

Four militiamen were lodged in Tralee gaol on the charge of having murdered a farmer named Shea, whom they had killed while he was returning from the sale of some cattle at a fair. The two brothers named Moore were brought up at Limerick yesterday charged with being concerned in the murder of Mr. Wheeler on the 12th inst. A constable gave some evidence of a circumstantial nature tending to establish their connection with the crime, and the prisoners were remanded. Two brothers named Metcalf were arrested yesterday on a charge of having fired at a widow named McCrory, in the townland of Saroon. Both Mrs. McCrory and the Metcalfes had been evicted by the Duke of Marlborough's agent. The former resumed possession, and it was in consequence of this that the attack was made upon her. The shot, however, did not take effect.

A deputation of about 200 tenants on Lord Lurgan's estate waited on his agent and demanded a 50 per cent. reduction of rent. The agent promised to lay the matter before Lord Lurgan. It is stated that unless a substantial concession is made the tenantry will adopt the principles of the Land League. A meeting of Orangemen and farmers in Kellycopple, near Armagh, resolved to ask the Earl of Gosford for an abatement in this year's rent. The Orangemen appended the following to their resolution:—"We want to show to the men of Ulster that we don't want to join in with the Land Leaguers; but if the landlords do what is fair and just, we are ready to fight for the Queen and Constitution, as our forefathers fought before us."

The Irish Land Amnesty Committee, consisting of Lords Emly, Powerscourt, Monck, and a number of other Irish landowners, members of parliament, and others, have issued a preliminary report containing suggestions and resolutions as to requisite legislation. They affirm that the tenure of land in Ireland cannot be effectively reformed by any one plan, and recommend the adoption of several schemes, each of which aims at giving practically fixity of tenure at fair rents and free sale. They also recommend that a tribunal to be called "a Court of Tenure in Ireland," whose decision should be without appeal, should be created.

The *Daily News* says that the Goverament is taking up the land question in earnest. "The Prime Minister has within the last few days sought opportunities of making himself acquainted with the views of men not representing merely any one set of political or economical doctrines. To say that conferences have been held would, perhaps, be to use too formal a phrase, but interchanges of opinion have been made with a definite purpose." As to the question of coercion, it points out that there has been no serious increase during the past year of crime against life and person in Ireland. Murder cases in Ireland have been, curiously, the same in number each year since 1876. The Crimes Prevention Acts seem to have had no perceptible influence in the way of repression. Ministers, with full information before them, have come to the conclusion that "at present it is not necessary to ask for exceptional legislation, and we must all hope that it may never be necessary. But this of course must depend in great measure on Ireland herself."

The *Morning Post* says:—"One fact is clear, the Government are not of one mind with regard to the Irish question. Mr. Bright and Mr. Chamberlain are pulling one way; the Whig members of the Cabinet refuse to go along with them, and between these opposing elements in the Cabinet Mr. Gladstone stands irresolute. Mr. Bright and Mr. Chamberlain have nailed their colours to the mast. So far as they are able, they have taken the policy of the Government upon the Irish question into their own hands. The first Minister will be compelled to take which he ought to take, but he also knows that he cannot offend his Radical colleagues in the Cabinet without running the risk of breaking up his Government and forfeiting the triumph which he gained at the general election. That is Mr. Gladstone's position. But he is practically playing into the hands of agitators who believe, and not without some show of justice, that in the rebellion against the law which they have rrised they are supported by the sympathies of a potent element in the Cabinet."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) discovered a remedy, to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. BROWNE is the sole inventor, and it is important to evident that, as he has never published the formula, anything else sold under the name CHLORODYNE must be a piracy.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—All attempts at analysis have failed to discover its composition.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant was deliberate untruth, and he considered to say it had been sworn to.—See the *Times*, July 13, 1864.

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EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

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From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay:—"CHLORODYNE is almost valuable remedy in Neuralgia, Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health, after 18 months' severe sufferinv, and when other remedies had failed."

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Extract from *Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1866:—"CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox medical practitioners. Of course it would not thus be singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place."

Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera:—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

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